Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22. VICTORIA, B. C. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1895. No. 61

BIRTHDAY, WEDDING, DIAMOND, ENGAGEMENT, FRIENDSHIP,

Rings.

We have all kinds and a very large stock to choose from.

See our Clusters.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

The WESTSIDE

High Art Novelties.

Dress Stuffs - - - The most attractive range ever shown by us; in extent and variety surpasses all previous displays.

Scotch Tweeds - So serviceable, so stylish, so fashionable, and so cheap.

Cheviotine Serge - Soft finish, easily draped, wears well. This is a strong autumn favorite.

Serges - - - - - - Storm, diagonal, and navy, from 50c. to $1.75 per yard. Dye and finish unexcelled. Suitable for all and at suitable prices.

Jacquard Weaves - Lustrous figures, choice designs, latest Parisian creations.

Showroom - - - We wish to draw your attention to the great advantage of having Wraps, Capes and Coats proofed against rain. By a new process, which has proved a great success, we had our Tweeds so proofed before being made up, and can confidently recommend the garments made from these Tweeds.

Although twelve cases more are due and will probably arrive in a few days, we have just put into stock 500 garments, including Capes, Coats, Ulsters, Jackets, Golf Capes, Etc. These are of the pride-pleasing, comfort-giving kind, and are built to fit the wearer, and the figure doesn't have to be built to fit them. Waterproofs for Ladies, Misses and Children can't be beat of the kind and quality that sell. Must be seen to be appreciated. Have a look.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

October 12, 1895.

Go to Cheapside For Heating Stoves

MAUDE—We must have a Heating Stove this Winter, dear.

CHARLIE—Well, go down to Cheapside and get one. They have a big variety and their prices are always right.

GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT. ST.

By Chance

We might please any woman once, but when we please many women repeatedly—that is to say regularly—it stands to reason that our prices satisfy them. No change in the sugar market. A dollar buys 20 pounds. We are still bidding for your SOAP trade. Look at our window for bargains.

New Valencia and Loose Muscatel Raisins, Lemon Citron and Orange Peel,

Island Apples, $1.15 a box. Pratt's Astral Oil, $1.50 per tin. Ind. Coop Ale still on sale; only two nickels for a pint. Try a bottle of RUM and DANTZIC SPRUCE for that cold.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO., 127 Government Street

Do you use our

Sterling Blend "£" Tea?

If not, we invite you to sample same, It's sure to please.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO., ...Leading Grocers....

KILL IT!

Kill that cough of yours before it has a chance to kill you. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE will kill it. For sale by

JOHN COCHRANE

Prescription Druggist, Cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS—Small advertisements, set like this paragraph, received up to 4 p.m. each day. Larger ads. must be sent in earlier. "Changes" for standing ads. received up to 11 a.m.

FOR SALE—Choice residential property in lots to suit, Beacon Hill and Cadboro Bay Road. Any reasonable offer will be entertained. For particulars apply to John J. Austin, 32 Fort street. no6-1w

LOST—From 102 Cook street a black spaniel pup, white hair on feet and collar around neck. Finder will please return to 100 Cook street and get reward. no6-3t

FOR SALE—Only $650, 4 roomed cottage and lot with large stable at rear. Apply on premises, No. 5 Milne street. no6-2t

BANJO, GUITAR AND MANDOLIN instruction at moderate charges on these popular instruments, in classes or private lessons, Room 54, Five Sisters Block. no61

HUGHITT & McINTYRE ESTATE.

Notice to Creditors and Others.

Notice is hereby given that the trustees of the above Estate, acting under the trusts of the deed of assignment bearing date the 6th of October, 1895, for the benefit of the creditors of Amos J. Hughitt require all persons having claims or demands on he said Estate to forthwith send the amount and full particulars thereof to Matthew Trotter Johnson, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. And notice is also given that at the expiration of one month from this date the Trustees will proceed to distribute the proceds of the said Estate, having regard to the claims of which the Trustees then have notice.

THOMAS EARLE
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Trustees

Dated November 6th, 1895. 1m

Choice Building Lots.

For Sale Cheap.

The Heywood property comprising 24 choice building lots situate at the junction of Douglas and Government streets is now offered for sale at nearly one half of what the owners were asking 4 years ago—a rare chance to buy choice residential property at low prices. Full particulars on application to

Heisterman & Co.,

75 Government Street

His Identity Disclosed.

His long beard hasn't known a comb
For many, many years,
And a little bunch of whiskers
Is growing in both ears;
Rich, green moss adorns his back;
Now you can bet your dimes
That here you have a citizen
Who doesn't read the TIMES.

CANDIDATE FOR LYNCHING.

A Monster Murders His Wife and Burns the Body.

New Whatcom, Wn., Nov. 6.—A report reached here this afternoon of the burning of a house belonging to a young farmer named Speisman at Timon, between Everson and Lynden, in this county, last night, and the death of Mrs. Speisman in the flames. It is reported that a pistol shot was heard in the house before the fire broke out, and there is a suspicion that the woman was murdered and the house burned to destroy evidence of the crime.

The coroner returned this afternoon from the scene of the tragedy. An inquest was held and a verdict rendered that Mrs. Speisman had been murdered by her husband, Frederick J. Speisman, who then set fire to the dwelling. The woman's limbs were burned to a crisp and her skull had been crushed by a blow from some blunt instrument. The couple were married six years ago, but separated, and were only recently reunited. A warrant has been issued for Speisman's arrest, but no trace of him has been found.

Cable News.

London, Nov. 6.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News hears that Emperor Francis Joseph has refused to sanction the election of Dr. Luegerby, the anti-semite, as burgomaster of Vienna.

Lisbon, Nov. 6.—An official dispatch from Goa, Portuguese India, says that in a skirmish yesterday between the insurgents and the Portuguese troops, near San Quelin, lasting five hours, twenty-five insurgents were killed and thirty wounded; thirty Portuguese were wounded.

Paris, Nov. 6.—Business on the bourse to-day opened dull and with a great fall in Ottomans, which complicated the situation and caused further depression.

—Carpets can be beaten by Weller Bros.' process whether it rains or not.

BRITAIN IS NOT ISOLATID

Austria, Hungary, Germany and Italy Take a Hand in the Armenian Affair.

Turkey is Now Within Measurable Distance of Either Disruption or Partition.

London, Nov. 6.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times telegraphs that the Turkish reports accusing the Armenians of attacking the mosques are ridiculous and are made in order to envenom to the utmost Mahommedan animosity towards the Armenians. One embassy has news that the Kurds were the aggressors at Diarbkin and ruthlessly slaughtered the Armenians, women and children, and burned and pillaged the shops. "The massacre," says the correspondent, "began on Friday and continued through Saturday and Sunday with insatiable and sanguinary ferocity."

These bloody scenes are the direct consequence of the Sultan's evasiveness, and are likely to provoke European intervention, when it will be found that all the Powers are in agreement.

The composition of the board of control of Armenian reforms greatly disgusts Kiamil Pasha, who is more than ever anxious to retire.

A Vienna dispatch to the Times virtually confirms the report from Rome cabled to the Associated Press yesterday as to visits made separately to the Sultan by the ambassadors of the different Powers by announcing that Austria, Hungary, Germany and Italy have now identified themselves with the other Powers by demanding the right to be placed in communication with the Armenian board of control, each to be made acquainted with the Porte's contentions.

Editorials in the morning papers dwell on the gravity of the announcement from Rome that the Powers had decided to take joint action in regard to Armenia. The Post (Cons.), says: "The ambassadors incurred a terrible responsibility, and have hinted a threat that means nothing less than the occupation of Turkey. Is England prepared to acquiesce?"

The Graphic says it is re-opening the eastern question with a vengeance. It means the Russian occupation of Armenia.

The Daily News says: "It is the beginning of the end. The cabinet met yesterday and Lord Salisbury must naturally have approved of this great diplomatic stroke. Turkey is now within measurable distance of disruption or partition."

"It is again stated here that the British ambassador at Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote has been in communication with the state department at Washington on the subject of missionaries in Armenia, with the result that instructions have been sent to the British charge d'affaires at Constantinople, the Hon. Michael Herbert, and to the United States ambassador to Turkey, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, to take joint action in the matter.

Constantinople, Nov. 6.—An official dispatch has been received from Marash saying that a conflict occurred there owing to the Armenians firing on the Musulmans, killing one of them and wounding another. The fighting resulted in a lieutenant of gendarmes and five Mussulmans being wounded and fourteen Armenians being killed and wounded. The authorities have restored order.

Rome, Nov. 6.—A dispatch received today from Constantinople says that owing to the recurring disturbances in various parts of the Turkish empire, the ambassadors of the Powers went to the Porte separately and urged that immediate and adequate measures for the restoration of order be taken, declaring that otherwise the Powers, acting in concert, would take their own steps in the matter.

Boston, Nov. 4.—Dispatches in the morning papers from Constantinople state that the American missionaries in Bitlis, eastern Turkey, are in imminent danger. The missionaries referred to are those of the American board. They are: Royal M. Cole, from Stark, N. H.; Mrs. Cole Littleton, Charlotte and Mary Ely, Cheeltowaga, N. Y.; George P. Knapp, Hartford, Conn.; Mrs. Knapp, Barre, Mass.; Miss Grace Knapp, born in Bitlis, home in Aburndale, Mass., and Mrs. Alonzo Knapp, Hubardston, Vt.

Berlin, Nov. 6.—Ahmed Tewik Pasha, the Turkish ambassador to Germany, left this city for Constantinople to-day. There is absolutely no truth in the sensational story circulated in regard to his departure. He leaves Berlin at the request of the Sultan, and may become Grand Vizier in succession of Kiamil Pasha, who, as frequently announced, has given notice of his desire to retire from office.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—The following was issued to-day by the Armenian National Union:

To the American public: While the horrible butcheries and the appalling outrages of Armenia are being carried on with no abatement; while the famine as a result of the barbaric Turkish regime is raging, threatening death to those who have escaped the swords of the Turkish soldiers, the civilized world is informed by the recent cable advices that the Turkish populace, as well as the government, demand the immediate withdrawal of the missionaries who are administering relief to the famine stricken survivors of last year's Sassoun massacre. As the patriarchate of Constantinople has been allowed by the Turkish government to send relief to the Armenians of Sassoun and Moosh, the missionaries of the American board were entrusted with the philanthropic work of distributing relief and help to those who are in need and in danger of starvation. The presence of the representatives of the American people had not failed to inspire assurance in the Armenians and protection against fresh outrages and assaults. Their withdrawal has been demanded, with threats of a still more horrible massacre. The noble missionaries are not afraid of threats, and they undauntedly carry on their good work.

"Cable advices from Constantinople are to the effect that Minister Terrell has complied with the demands of the Turks and ordered the missionaries to their respective posts. Believeing that the withdrawal of the missionaries from the famine stricken will not only deprive the Armenians of their much needed relief, but will also expose them to the fury, fanaticism and cruelties of the now checked Turks, the Armenian National Union requests the American people, who have been quick to sympathize with all suffering races, to insist upon their executive instructing the minister at Constantinople to by no means comply with the demands of the Turks by ordering the missionaries to withdraw from the field of their philanthropic work as administrators of relief and inspirers of confidence and assurance. This general appeal was unanimously adopted at the regular meeting of the Armenian National Union."

DESTRUCTION IN DETRIOT

Explosion in the Journal Building Causes a Wholesale Collapse This Morning.

Workmen and Girls Caught Like Rats in a Trap and Are Buried Alive.

Detroit, Nov. 6.—At nine o'clock this morning the boiler in the Journal building exploded with terrific force. A portion of the building, 40 feet wide, immediately collapsed, burying scores of people. Four dead and a number of injured have already been taken out. A large number of girls and women were employed in the building. The editorial department of the Journal is reported saved, but there are probably a hundred or more persons still in the wrecked portion of the building. Shortly after the collapse, the ruins broke out in flames and the great clouds of stifling smoke materially impeded the work of rescue.

The large building is cut cleanly in two from front to rear by a gap forty feet wide at the bottom, and the whole is almost a pile of timbers, brick and debris, into which for the first hour or two the work of searching for bodies made little progress. The gap extends through John Davis & Co.'s store on the first floor of one end of the building.

The Journal's mailing department on the first floor was demolished, and a few of the employes there are not yet accounted for. At least a dozen persons are believed to have been working in Miller's book bindery on the second floor. Some of these, who escaped from the wreck, report that they heard the screams of the bindery girls as they fell pinned to the wreck.

The Habbin type foundry, on the third floor, and the Journal's stereotpying department on the fifth floor, each contributed a number of victims. Many men are digging in the bricks and debris, but the fire underneath makes it probable that some bodies have been incinerated.

William Livingstone, manager of the Journal, said: "In the Journal's lease of the building from Newbury and Tate, power was to be furnished, and the power under the contract was taken from Newbury's boilers."

Two of the boilers were looked over casually by an outside engineer only last Saturday. He says they were each about 14 feet long, 50 inches in diameter, and of tubular pattern.

About fifteen minutes after the explosion, those standing at the east side of the wrecked building saw a movement in the rubbish; a hand appeared, followed by an arm and helpers ran to the rescue. A moment later John M. Vinter, an employe of John Davis' spice and mustard mills, was dragged out. Arthur D. Linch, one of the Journal's stereotypers, was taken from the ruins conscious and not hurt. Several others were later rescued with but slight bruises. H. C. Kohlbrandt, owner of the Kohlbrandt Engraving company, whose rooms were on the third floor, said two of his employes, John Bowman and Henry Welch, each about 15, were in the ruins. Those known to be injured are Cornelius George, foreman of the Journal mailing room; Pressman Webber, both legs and arms broken, supposed fatally injured; Tom Williams, assistant foreman of the Journal, struck on the head by a steam pipe, seriously injured; Frank C. Meiner, artist, seriously cut about the head with glass; Miss O'Donogh, arms broken, taken out unconscious; Martin Meyer, advertising solicitor, Evening News, badly cut in the head and neck.

At 10:30 the dead body of a young girl was taken out. A body, supposed to be that of William Smith, machinist, was dragged out about the same time. Thomas Thomas, engineer, came out of the wreck painfully injured, his clothes all torn off and blood running from several severe cuts. He said he knew of no reason for the explosion, and was too excited to talk coherently.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

In the supreme court chambers Mr. Justice Walkem this morning made an order for final judgment under order 14 in two actions of the Manitoba Mortgage & Investment company vs. Dockstender, and Lewis vs. Dockstender. J. A. Aikman for plaintiffs and Prior (Eberts & Taylor) for defendant.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING

Marlborough Marries Millions—Miss Vanderbilt Attains an American Girl's Ambition.

Wealthy New Yorkers Make the Occasion One of Old World Court Splendor.

New York, Nov. 6.—The Duke of Marlborough and Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt were married this morning by Bishop Potter.

The scene inside the church was a brilliant one. Every pew was occupied and all the aisles with the exception of the centre aisle, was thronged with guests who could not be accommodated with seats. Women of wealth and social prominence vied with each other in the richness and grandeur of their equippage, tending to make the occasion one equal in brilliancy to the old world court functions. There was a surpliced choir of sixty voices. Immediately the choristers were seated, the New York symphony orchestra, under the direction of Walter Damrosch, commenced playing the wedding march from "Lohengrin," and shortly afterwards Mrs. Vanderbilt, accompanied by her two sons, W. K. jr., and Harold, entered the church and were escorted to their seats. Sir Julian Pauncefote, representing the Duke's family, accompanied by the members of the embassy, were escorted to their seats.

The bridegroom, accompanied by his best man, Hon. Ivor Guest, walked from the vestry to the chancel rail, where they awaited the coming of the bride. A few minutes after the Duke's entrance, the bridal procession formed and proceeded to the chancel. The bridesmaids were Miss Katherine Duer, Miss Elsa Brenson, Miss May Goulet, Miss Laura Jay, Miss Daisy Post, Miss Evelyn Burden, Miss Morton and Miss Marie Winthrop. Dresses and flowers were sadly crushed in the eager attempt of the multitude to catch a glimpse of the bride as the slender girl appeared, leaning on the arm of her father. At the chancel rail the bridal procession were met by the groom and the following distinguished prelates and clergy, who were grouped around the communion table: Rt. Rev. Bishops Littlejohn and Potter, and Rev. Dr. J. Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas; Dr. J. H Rylance, rector of St. Mary's; Dr. Bridges and Rev. Waldo Burnett, of Southborough, Mass., who was chaplain for many years to the seventh Duke of Marlborough at Blenheim.

When the bride reached the chancel rail, the choir, accompanied by the organ and harp, sang Barnby's "O, Perfect Love." At the conclusion, Dr. Brown, rector, came forward and intoned the introductory and charge. Then Bishop Potter read the customary marriage service.

TAMMANY BEATS PARKHURST

The New York Political Monster Was Too Strong for the Reformers.

Republicans Appear to Have Swept Other Places as Well as Gotham.

New York, Nov. 6.—As a result of yesterday's election the new legislature of New York state will have in the assembly 99 Republicans and 51 Democrats, and in the senate 35 Republicans and 14 Democrats and Independents.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 6.—The estimated plurality of Griggs, Republican, for governor, is 24,300.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 6.—The returns received up to noon show Bradley's majority growing. He claims the state by 15,000. The lower house of the legislature is Republican, but the Democrats may carry the senate on the joint ballot.

Columbus, O., Nov. 6.—Chairman Anderson of the Democratic state committee, says the reports up to 12 o'clock show a Republican plurality of 8000 to 9000. Chairman Kurtz of the Republican committee says the plurality will be 9000.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 6.—Governor Greenhalge is re-elected by 3444 plurality, 1933 less than his majority last year. The municipal suffrage for women was defeated by about 75,000.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns, including Baltimore, indicate the election of Lowndes for governor by at least 15,000 to 16,000 plurality, carrying with him the comptroller and attorney-general. The house of delegates will perhaps have more than sixty Republicans. The senate will be close, with the chances in favor of a Republican majority. On the joint ballot the Republicans will have a safe majority.

SALE OF CANADIAN HORSES.

Prices Realized Good, but Not So Much So As Expected.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—Following is the Toronto Evening Telegram's special cable, dated London, Nov. 6: At Aldridge's repository here to-day Mr. Peter Curran, acting for Messrs. Flanagan, Aikins & Wilkinson, of Toronto, sold the following horses: Bill Doherty for fifty guineas; Bellevue, fifty guineas; Muscatoon, 39 guineas; Duchess, 42 guineas; Vesper Bell, 40 guineas; Huntress, 90 guineas; Jessie Wilkes, 25 guineas; Kitty J., 70 guineas; Beauty, 62 guineas; George, 53 guineas, and Charles Deazy, 27 guineas. For Joe W. 200 guineas were bid, but the horse was not sold. The prices realized were not as good as expected. Peter Curran drives in a race at Liverpool for a £500 stake on the 13th inst.

EUGENE FIELD IS DEAD.

America Has Lost a Wholesouled Citizen and a Promising Man of Letters.

Cut Off When the World Had Begun to Appreciate His Abilities.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Eugene Field, poet, died of heart failure about five o'clock this morning. He retired last night in his usual health, and apparently slept soundly until daybreak, when his son, who occupied the room with him, heard him groan. It was his expiring gasp. Field leaves a widow and five children. He had been indisposed for several days, but no serious results were thought of by his family and immediate friends. George R. Yenowyne, of this city, was at Field's bedside when he died. Field and Yenowyne intended to start together for Kansas City, where Field was to read to-night.

Eugene Field was born in St. Louis September 21, 1850. He was the son of Roswell Martin and Frances (Reed) Field. His parents were both natives of Windham county, Vermont. His father was Dred Scott's first attorney in the case which resulted in the famous Dred Scot decision by the United States supreme court. Eugene Field's mother died in 1857. He was then put under the care of his cousin, Miss Mary Field French, at Amherst. He attended Williams college, Knox college and the state university of Missouri. He adopted the profession of a newspaper writer, beginning with the St. Louis Journal in 1872. He was later connected with the St. Joseph, Mo., Gazette, the St. Louis Times-Journal, the Kansas City Times and the Denver Tribune. He came to Chicago on August 18, 1883, to accept a position on the editorial staff of the Chicago Morning News, now the Record, and his connection with this paper continued without interruption until his death. Field's last contribution to his department in this paper, "Sharps and Flats," was published on Saturday morning, and in it was a characteristic defence of Bill Nye, and a refusal to accept the imputations as to the causes of the recent assault on the humorist in Paterson, New Jersey. In addition to his newspaper work Field established a reputation as a powerful and clever writer of stories and verses. His latest poem of any pretensions was "Dream Ships," printed in the October Ladies' Home Journal. He was especially adept in poems and stories of child life. His printed books now number half a dozen volumes. He was also famous as a reader of his own stories and verses. In June, 1893, Knox college conferred upon Feld the honorary degree of A. M.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 6.—At a meeting in memory of Eugene Field, held at the Press club this morning, the folowing resolution was adopted:

"The Press club of Chicago desires to express its sorrow over the death of Eugene Field. His was a nautre rich in all those attributes which make a man of mark, compelling universal love, respect and admiration. In the death of Eugene Field the literary world has lost a man who in national and international appreciation has attained the widest distinction."

THE MARQUIS NO MURDERER.

The Jury in the De Nayve Murder Trial Acquit the Prisoner.

Bourges, Nov. 6.—The jury in the trial of the Marquis de Nayve yesterday returned a verdict of not guilty.

The verdict was not a popular one with the large gathering in the court room, the great majority of whom looked upon the Marquis as guilty. Even the presiding judge during the trial had alluded to the prisoner as "the murderer," and his charge to the jury was strongly against the Marquis.

It is thought that the evidence adduced at yesterday's sitting, when a former governess to the Marquis' daughter testified that all the misery in the family was due to the sinister influence of the Abbe Roussellot, who, she said, wanted to break up the household and thus get the wife's fortune, had considerable to do in bringing about to-day's verdict. The evidence in regard to the influence in the Marquis' family of the Abbe Roussellot was corroborated, in a degree, by other witnesses brought forward by the Marquis de Nayve.

The Marquise was not present in the court room when the jury returned its verdict. Her conduct during the trial has been most singular. Having had her husband arrested on a charge of murdering her illegitimate son, making at the same time other allegations of cruelty against him, she has, since the trial began, shown every evidence of love for the Marquis and of sympathy for him in his fight for life.

When placed on the stand she testified that she had not at first considered the Marquis as guilty of murdering her son, but had sworn out the allegation against him because of his growing cruelty to her, which she feared might end in his attempting her life.

The Marquis wore a sneering grin as he left the room after the verdict.

SMUGGLERS SENTENCED.

Newfoundland Illegal Dealers In Liquor Occupy High Places.

St. John's Nfld., Nov. 6.—The present series of smuggling cases against leading liquor dealers charged with buying smuggled liquor knowing it to be so, was concluded last night. The judge found five prisoners guilty and sentenced them to terms of imprisonment of from twenty to forty days each, together with fines of from $100 to $200 each. All the cases were appealed to the Supreme Court, the convicting judge granting a stay of proceedings until the speals are disposed of. The most prominent of those convicted is Michael Tobin, one of the Whitewayite members of the assembly for the Placentia district, and the governor of the savings bank. The others are also strong supporters of the Whitewayite government.

—TONKA is the only high grade smoking mixture in Canada put up in 10c. packages. Patent pipe sifter enclosed.

BENNETT'S DIFFICULTIES.

Tacoma Ledger Mortgaged and Hotel Stock Hypothecated.

Tacoma, Nov. 6.—The Ledger Publishing Company, the Tacoma Hotel Company and Lottie Bennett, garnishee defendants in Col. F. D. Hoestis' suit against Nelson Bennett, have filed answers. The Ledger company's answer says it owes Bennett $35,236.19 on notes and open accounts for money advanced by Bennett for a valuable consideration and for use in business. Two notes were executed by the corporation to Bennett on April 26, 1893, one for $12,000, and the other for $14,466.81. Another note, executed August 27, 1894, is for $5533.19, and the open accounts amount to $3300. The answer states further that all of said notes were secured by a chattel mortgage executed by said garnishee defendant to Mr. Bennett; further, that all of above notes and indebtedness, with securities therefor, have been by Bennett sold and assigned to the Bennett National Bank of Fairhaven, to secure a debt of Mr. Bennett to the bank of $15,000. Further, the answer states, that at the time of the garnishment the stock books of the corporation showed only one share of stock in Bennett's name.

The answer of the Tacoma hotel company states that 4995 shares of stock, of the par value of $100 each, stand in Nelson Bennett's name on the books, and that all of it has been by Bennett hypothecated as security for his debts to divers persons and corporations, among them H. L. Achilles, trustee of the Tacoma clearing house, 700 shares; A. R. Titlow, receiver of the Bank of Tacoma, 1000 shares. The other shares are held by parties unknown to garnishee defendant, the hotel company. Both answers are sworn to by Henry Blackwood, secretary of the corporations and Mr. Bennett's private secretary.

TWO MORE BANKS CLOSED.

Bellingham Bay and Bennett National Banks Have Stopped Business.

New Whatcom, Nov. 6.—The Bellingham National Bank has suspended payment. Instead of opening at the usual hour a notice was posted on the door stating that owing to recent heavy withdrawals the directors had decided to close. This bank suspended once before during the panic, but resumed after several months. The depositors will not lose anything ultimately, as the assets are ample, but cannot be realized upon at once.

The Bennett National Bank directors have decided to close their doors, and have directed their president to wire the comptroller of the currency to place the bank in the hands of an examiner. The directors say that within thirty days sufficient assets can be realized upon to settle with all creditors. The last statement, on September 28th, showed 50 per cent. of the total deposits on hand in cash or exchange. The total resources were then $207,461, and the liabilities to depositors $117,849. The deposits this morning were $98,000, and the withdrawals to-day were $23,000. There is now due from banks about $20,000. The balance of cash in the bank is very small.

FIGHTING THE STRIKERS.

Clyde Shipbuilding Companies Lock Out the Dissenting Workmen.

Glasgow, Nov. 6.—The Clyde shipbuilders have posted notices to-day which lock out 25 per cent. of the employes in their yards. This precipitates the break which was long expected as a result of the difficulty in the Belfast ship yards, and begins the big strike. Two thousand men were locked out to-night. In several yards all the remaining men struck upon the announcement of the lock out. Much resentment is manifested at the action of the companies. Only members of the unions were locked out. The companies announced, when the strike was first broached that they would lock out 25 per cent. of the employes each successive week after the strike began.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., sole agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

THE HUGUENOT TO-DAY.

Power Exercised by the Protestant Minority in France.

Meanwhile, exerting an influence out of all proportion to their numbers, the descendants of the Huguenots shape, to no inconsiderable extent, the policy of a nation that scarcely appreciates as yet the service which these men of firm and loyal principle rendered to France in the past, or the service which their successors are capable of rendering to France in the future. During the course of the very year in which these lines are written (1895), it has been made the occasion of a public attack upon Protestantism in the city of Paris that the adherents of this religion, although constituting, as is asserted, but one million out of the thirty-seven millions of Frenchmen, give the law to, and in a sense govern, the other thirty-six million. They have been styled an "oppressive minority," and it has been alleged in proof of the appropriateness of this designation, that there are places in the department of Tarn-et-Garonne which have but a single Protestant, and this Protestant is the mayor of the commune. If the statement be correct, the fact is, on a small scale, as significant as the larger national fact that in the first cabinet of a truly republican character, after the fall of President McMahon, in 1879, a majority of the ministers—five out of nine—were Protestants, and from that time to this the Protestant representation in the chief councils of the nation has never been small. A minority that, by virtue of its own excellence, can so maintain itself, far from being "oppressive," is entitled to be regarded with profound respect and genuine admiration. The may almost be said to have won the victory already by anticipation, for it has been demonstrated that the principles for which the Huguenots battled are not only elevating and ennobling, but imperishable.—Henry M. Baird.

That Tired Feeling

Means danger. It is a serious condition and will lead to disastrous results if it is not overcome at once. It is a sure sign that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best remedy is

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, red blood, and thus gives strength and elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain and health and vitality to every part of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla positively

Makes the Weak Strong

"I have used six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a general tonic and have enjoyed the best of health. Although I had a strain of work I have had no sick spells for many months and no lost time, so I am doubly repaid." THOMAS S. HILL, 261 Brunswick St., St. John, New Brunswick.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

Our Grandmothers

As far back as can be remembered, used E. B. Eddy's Matches. Like the pioneers these are identified with the early history of Canada.

A good thing always has imitations—beware of them.

THE MURDER OF IDA GASKELL.

Morgan, the Fiend, Taken from Omaha to Avoid Lynching.

Omaha, Nov. 6.—The murder and outrage of little Ida Gaskell, an 11-year-old child, last night, was positively traced to George Morgan, a teamster. He lives near where the body was found, and was the last man seen with her. His clothes were covered with blood when arrested. So great was the feeling against the prisoner that he was hurriedly removed to the penitentiary at noon. Later a committee appointed by those favoring lynching went to the jail to satisfy the mob that the prisoner was not there. To-night a crowd of several hundred people surrounded the jail. They were orderly, and drawn more by curiosity that any disposition to do violence. Early in the morning, as soon as the papers had given out the information of the terrible crime, a crowd was about the doors of the morgue. The body was taken to the ground floor and then admission was granted to all. From that early hour until a little after noon, when it was thought admissible to shut the doors and refuse admission, the morgue was thronged. A steady line of people poured in, stopping a moment to gaze with welling eyes upon that innocent face. It was estimated that before noon 5000 people had looked upon the dead body. They were men of all classes, business men, laborers and men of no occupation. There were many women, also of all classes, among them evidently many mothers, whose features, while bedewed with tears, expressed a fierce something which caused the men's faces to harden more.

—Lamps, Lamps, Lamps, at away down prices; making room for new goods. Weiler Bros.

LONDON MARKET WAS FLAT.

The Speculation in Mines Is Showing Its Bad Effects.

New York, Nov. 6.—The Evening Post has the following special financial cablegram: The stock market was flat today, closing, however, above the worst. The selling was mainly from the continent. Consols fell to 106⅛ and closed at 105½ bid. There were heavy sales in all stocks from Glasgow, where the speculation in mines has been rampant. Americans were flat, but closed above the lowest. A quarter of a million in gold has gone from the Bank of England to-day for Paris, although the rate of exchange, 25.19, precludes any profit on the transaction.

EVERYTHING QUIET IN CUBA.

Insurgents Moving—Death of an Old Colonial Spanish Officer.

Havana, Nov. 6.—The commander of the insurgent forces in the province of Puerto Principe, has arrived at Santa Clara from Puerto Principe.

Madrid, Nov. 6.—Jose de la Concha, Marquis de la Habana, is dead, aged 85 years. In 1849 he was made captain-general of Cuba, and again in 1854 and in 1872 he accepted an appointment as governor-general of Cuba. He served the state in many positions of distinction, and was a grand officer of the Legion of Honor.

FOR PAPA.

Needs socks and the little one knows it. They are attractive garments she's holding up, but exactly such as we are carrying in our fall stock of furnishings. Our half hose, like the African race, won't lose their color and are A1 values. Papa can't put his feet into anything better at any price, and who would deny his feet a snug encasement? Say good-bye to summer and supply your wardrobe with the needful selections from our first-class stock at reasonable prices.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale.

I will sell at Public Auction under a warrant of distress for rent at 133 Government street, Victoria B. C., on Friday, the 8th day of November, 1895, at 11 a.m. the undermentioned property.

Lot of Indian Moccasins, Toys, Baskets, Fans, pieces of Bric a Brac, Cushions, Clocks, Fishing Rods, Bracelets and other Jewelry, Silver Butter Dishes, Toast Racks, Opera Glasses, and numerous other articles put up in small lots. Terms Cash.

J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff.
nov 4-4t For the Bailiff.

H. Cuthbert & Co

Real Estate, Furniture, Farm Stock and

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

Specialties—Furniture and Real Estate Sales. Cattle Auction Twice a Month.

Seven years' experience in some of the largest cities in England, amongst the finest auctioneers in the world. Four years' experience here in Victoria, with a thorough practical knowledge of every branch of the business and of the values of every description of merchandise.

MONEY LOANED

on every class of chattels consigned for sale. We advise our clients, in their own interests, to sell their goods at auction, as they get the full market price; but when an auction is not desired

WE BUY FURNISHED HOUSES FOR CASH,

or any bankrupt stock to any amount, at a moment's notice. We give the same personal attention to small sales that we do to large auctions. We endeavor always to be courteous to those attending our sales and to study their convenience. We make settlements same day, if desired. Our premises are the best appointed, most central and convenient in the city, and have been specially adapted to their present purposes by ourselves at a large expense. Have you any auction or confidential business? Come and see us. We handled nearly $100,000 OF OUR CLIENTS' MONEY IN 1894—that is the test. Terms the same as any other auctioneer of standing.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers Abreast of the Times

MEETINGS.

THE CREAMERY MEETING at Colquitz Hall, Carey Road, Thursday evening, the 7th inst., is attracting much attention. Parties from town wishing to attend can make arrangements with the Victoria Transfer Co. for cheap fares. Nov. 4-4t.

I. O. O. F.

The members of Victoria Lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at their lodge room on Thursday, November 7th, at 1:45 p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, James Johnston. Members of sister lodges and sojourning brothers are cordially invited to attend.

By Order of the N. G.,
FRED'K DAVEY,
Rec. and Per. Secretary.

TENDERS WANTED.

Sealed Tenders

Will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, November 11th, at 4 o'clock p.m., for the supply to the City Electric Light Station of the following Carbons, viz.:

12,500 copper coated 5-8 inch X 12 inch;
8,000 plain 7-16 inch X 12 inch
4,500 plain 7-16 inch X 8 inch.

Tenders to be endorsed "Tenders for Carbons." The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the City.
City Hall, Nov. 4th 1895-1w.

NOTICE.

All claims against the undersigned are to be presented immediately.

J. BOSCOWITZ.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 2nd, 1895.

TO RENT.

Labouchere Street,

Two-storey, seven-roomed house; bathroom, pantry, etc. $8.00 per month.

DALBY & CLAXTON,
nov1-1w 64 Yates Street.

DODDS' MAMMOTH COLLECTION

—OF—

BULBS FOR $1.00.

4 Hyacinths,	Mix.	12 Crocus	Mix
6 " Grap	"	4 Chionodoxa.	
1 Easter Lily.		10 Tulips,	Mix.
1 Calla		3 Ovalis,	"
5 Freesias		3 Iris,	"
3 Sparaxis,	Mix.	2 Narc'ssus,	"
1 Ixia,		3 Anemone.	"

207 FORT ST.

The fad of palmistry took a strong hold of the people, and it is not yet dead; but character reading from the teeth is the latest. Those that are long and narrow denote vanity. Long projecting teeth indicate a grasping disposition; treachery is best known by small, white, separated teeth; inconsistency by overlapping teeth; and the possessor of wide, separating teeth is sure to tell all he knows. These indications, like the bump science of phrenology, have their exceptions. Of course, when teeth are bad the professor has a hard time reading a character which he may pronounce bad. The toothless man has no character worth talking about. But it does not follow that a man with false teeth is a false friend. He may be true. If his heart is in the right place, it does not matter where his natural teeth are.

—Buy only candled peels manufactured by Okell & Morris.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at their next sitting for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Jubilee Saloon," situate at 49 Johnson street, Victoria, to Alex. McTaggart, of Victoria.

J. H. GAERDES.
Dated the 5th of November, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the White Horse Hotel, corner of Humboldt and McClure streets, to Tom Hinchcliffe.

RODERICK CAMERON.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 14th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Senate" Saloon, situate at No. 91 Government street, Victoria, to James Preston, of the City of Victoria.

FRED WELDON.
Dated Nov. 4th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "London Saloon," situate on the southeast corner of Johnson and Broad streets, Victoria, to Fritz Schneider, of the city of Victoria.

C. F. JACKSON.
Dated Nov. 4th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer to Robert Anderson, of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Telegraph Hotel, situate at No. 47 Store street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 25th October, 1895.
oc25 MRS. F. A. ASTRICO.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Samuel Ricketts, are requested to send particulars thereof to Robert Porter or Thomas Shotbolt on or before November 1st, 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to us forthwith.

ROBERT PORTER,
THOMAS SHOTBOLT,
oct10-td Executors.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer to Robert B. Hamilton, of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate on 15 Yates street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 20th October, 1895.
oc26 W. J. PHILLIPS.

Land Registry Act.

Lot 82, Section XI., Kennedy Town, Sooke District.

Whereas the Certificate of Title of Robert Williams to the above hereditaments, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1865, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate of same, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, October 26th, 1895. 1m

Notice of Assignment.

The Estate of Frederick Landsberg.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894," notice is hereby given that Frederick Landsberg, residing at 87 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at Government street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, Pawnbroker and Merchant, has by deed dated the 23rd day of October, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate (except leaseholds), unto Gustav Leiser, of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, B. C., and residing at 178 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Frederick Landsberg. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said Gustav Leiser on the 23rd day of October, 1895. Creditors of the said Frederick Landsberg are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims, proved by statutory declaration, to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Frederick Landsberg are required to pay the amounts of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 24th day of December, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not, at the time of such distribution, have had notice.

Dated the 23rd day of October, 1895.

WILLIAM DUCK,
Room 5, Duck Building, Broad street, Victoria, Solicitor for Gustav Leiser, Trustee.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices, corner Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. J. Hall. Homœopathist,

Has removed his office to Norwood, Oak Bay Avenue, where he resides.

Hours the same as usual—2 to 5 p.m., and 7:30 to 9 in the evenings of Tuesdays and Fridays. Sundays and holidays excepted. oct 31-1m

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON,

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

TO LET.

TO LET—Rooms in a most delightful part of the city, for lady and gentleman or single gentlemen. With or without board. Bathroom and every convenience in the house. Address "Junius," care Times Office. Oct. 31-1m.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, improved farm near McPherson's Station, 160 acres, 8 acres cleared, 2 roomed house, 2 barns, chicken house and shed, situate on the banks of the Kokalah river. Price reduced to $800, or rent $6 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FRONT BEDROOM to let, $8 per month, 91 Fort Street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One pedigreed Clydesdale mare 5 years old, one 1-2 bred horse 7 years old, good workers. P. K. Lindsay, Millstream P.O. nov5-2t, 1d-1w

FOR SALE—Jersey Bull calf, solid fawn, mother gives 10 pounds butter a week, also Brown Leghorn pullets $8 per doz. P. K. Lindsay, Millstream P.O. nov5-2t, 1d-1w

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—From Oriental Hotel, an English bulldog, color brindle and white. Reward upon returning same to W. J. McKeon, Jr. nov5-3t

WANTS.

WANTED AT ONCE—50 men, 25c. an hour, at Beaver Lake Water Works. Walkeley, King & Casey. oct26

WANTED—A general servant girl. Apply 80 Superior street. oct18-tf

WANTED, Young Men and Women

or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with $60.00 PER MONTH and upwards, according to ability.

REV. T. S. LINSCOTT, Brantford, Can.

WANTED, SEVERAL MEN

of good character, who can furnish horse and light rig. $75 to $250 a month. Applicants write fully.

THE BRADLEY GARRETSON CO., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.

JEWELERS, ETC.

WALTHAM WATCHES, $7.

In solid silver cases, guaranteed for five years.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139.

ENTRIES NOW OPEN for Tug-of-Way to be held at Colonist Hotel, Duncan Hill. First prize, $60; second, $15; teams to consist of Irish, Scotch, English, American, Canadian, Scandinavian, Firemen, Police; four men to each team. For weights and rules apply to Harry Harris, Colonist Hotel. Entries close November 9th. nov16t

The British Columbia Corporation,

LIMITED,

TEMPLE BUILDING, FORT ST., VICTORIA.

Immediate advances on all kinds of security at low rates of interest. Rents Collected, Estates Managed.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Home For Sale

A beautiful site for a suburban home on Victoria Arm, 20 acres, mostly under cultivation. Price, $4,000.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
28 Broad Street.

BRITISH GUIANA.

An Interesting Description From a Well-Known American Literary Man.

He Looks Upon the Colony as the Only Real Republic in South America.

When I first stepped ashore in British Guiana it seemed to me as though I had come into fairyland. It was only a few winters ago—it seems like yesterday. We had crossed the mouth of the vast Orinoco—so muddy and big that we had no difficulty in telling where our ship had brought us to—and at last we entered the Essequibo and into the jurisdiction of Great Britain.

Every one has tasted Demerara sugar, and Demerara is part of British Guiana. The whole colony seemed to me one huge sugar plantation. The first question asked concerned the price of sugar. Had I not been fortified with letters of introduction from a New York sugar merchant I am sure that I should have been treated coldly for not knowing the difference between centrifugal and some other kind of process.

The capital of this little sugar colony is Georgetown—I had almost forgotten the name. Here I found a most excellent hotel; a club house equal to any in New York so far as comforts are concerned. There was a building devoted to lectures and literary gatherings, where I was shown a fairly complete library and a museum of rare value, particularly with reference to South America. There was a most formidable array of huge snakes, the very thought of which makes me to-day feel uncomfortable. They were alive in great glass cases and flattened their murderous scales upon the glass with every desire for escape manifest. The town has also a beautiful botanical garden, in which the citizens stroll in the cool of the evening, enjoying the pleasant sea breeze that brings refreshment, no matter how hot the day may have been. There were also many carriages to be seen, bearing well dressed ladies and gentlemen—all white people.

It is a cosmopolitan colony, where all comers enjoy the protection of equal laws. The Englishmen of Demerara differ from the American colonist only in that the Americans can reap all the benefits of trade and need share none of the burdens of governing. My host in British Guiana was a man who had contributed largely to the literature of this country and whom West Indians generally esteemed as an authority.

One morning we invaded the criminal court and heard the English judge, assisted by a full blooded negro clerk, clear the docket of several painful cases, in which the accused were invariably negroes arrested for gross crimes—such crimes as even men do not speak of. I have attended many a trial in New York, but it would be difficult for me to name a criminal court in our great metropolis where the administration of justice proceeded with so much dignity and dispatch as in this little out of the way colony, only a few degrees from the equator.

We must bear in mind that the white people are few and that the overwhelming majority are negroes and Indians who are either savage or inclined to lapse into savagery. If I recollect aright there are about three hundred thousand to ten thousand whites. The problem of the whites is to govern this colony without soldiers, with a few police, with the smallest possible expense.

It is only the Anglo-Saxon race that is capable of solving the questions which each day are presented to a small white colony in the midst of barbarous or hostile surroundings. As compared with South American republics in general, British Guiana is like an oasis of civil liberty in a desert of monkey monarchies. I wandered about that happy Georgetown at every hour of the day or night, feeling as secure as though on Broadway. Tidy negro policemen patrolled the principal points, apparently having a very easy life. The streets were so clean that they seemed like those of latter day New York. Not a driveway in Central Park is kept better rolled and trimmed and sprinkled and brushed than the average thoroughfare in British Guiana.

In some of these thoroughfares are sluggish canals, wherein are seen to-day the Victoria Regia, whose leaf is so big and strong that a child may stand upon it, at least so people say. Each leaf seemed to me big enough to form the roof of a buggy, and a cool bit of shade indeed for a tropical wood nymph.

There was evidently a very good board of health in Georgetown, for I saw no refuse about the streets; I smelt nothing offensive; and this is strange, for there were many Chinamen and Hindus, negroes and Indians, and all sorts of mongrel races besides, who made a living in this prosperous town.

White people thrive in tropical Guiana—so I was assured. At first I would not believe it, but after a while I had to; for on making inquiry I was referred to many Anglo-Saxon families whose ancestors had borne children here for many successive generations, and apparently with marked success.

From an American point of view this colony forms part of the British West Indies, in so far as the American who trades to the south of the Essequibo has equally precious interests in Barbadoes, Trinidad, St. Kitts, Antigua, and the rest of that marvellous island chain hung like a necklace of coral about the Caribbean sea.

It is of vital importance to the white race to know that at this one point of South America, almost under the equator, and in a region where water channels connect it with vast sugar plantations and gold deposits of fabulous extent, the white man feels happy and promises to carry the language of Shakespeare to the base of the Andes as surely as he once fought with it to the Alleghanies and the Rockies.

I was much struck in British Guiana by the public spirit of the colonists, which has produced there a home rule or local self-government much like that of Canada or Australia. Indeed, the citizen of Georgetown appeared to have more to say about the affairs of his native town than we voters of New York. England, it is true, sends a governor and a few crown officials, but these do not seem to have modified the local powers of the citizens to any material extent.

In fact we must open our eyes to the fact that in all South America there is but one republic, and that is British Guiana. On a vast continent of crazy quilt constitutions and patch-work presidential pronunciamentos, the only body of people that conserve to-day the traditions of civil liberty and local self-government are the few thousands of Anglo-Saxons who have held their own near the mouth of the Orinoco for nearly 300 years.

This is a big history for so small a country—a country jammed in between the Portuguese Brazilians on the one side and the Spanish Venezuelans on the other. So small is this little colony that we can afford to join the Dutch one to it without materially altering the statement. For one colony supplements the other.

Before our Puritan ancestors landed upon the shores of New England, in that dreadful November of 1620, a colony of Anglo-Saxons, bearing the Bible of Martin Luther and the traditions of liberty, had conquered for themselves a foothold on the continent particularly dear to Spain. While the apostolic soldiers of Castile and Leon were burning at the stake such natives as chose to remain heathen, the Protestant settlers at the Essequibo dug canals, planted sugar and cultivated good relations with their native population. At the close of the Napoleonic wars in Europe, Dutch government gave way to British, but there was no more break in the continuity of republican practices than when one president relieves another at the White House. At Georgetown court house I found that Dutch law, based upon Roman law, prevailed throughout British Guiana, and that no disposition was shown to force upon the colony any such system as in the czar's dominion would be called "Russification." As in Canada the Frenchman is secure with his priest and his "patois," so in India Hindu and Mohammedan enjoy equal rights, so in British Guiana the white colonists enjoy as much personal and political liberty as any man upon Broadway or Piccadilly. Of course we may differ as to what liberty means; but I am talking, I suppose, to such as believe that the best government is the one that is the least obtrusive and the least expensive—the one under which you and I may most freely cultivate the powers God has given us, so long as we do not thereby disturb the public peace.

In this definition is British Guiana, and whenever Tammanny Hall shall exile me to South America, that will be the port to which I shall paddle my canoe.

And now we talk of fitting out ships of war and sending them down to the Orinoco to assist a Spanish American republic in getting control of more land. Perhaps, however, the Spaniards are right and the land should go to them. On that point there is at least some doubt, and Uncle Sam must get a big fleet together in order to let John Bull know that we are not to be trifled with. For we are, as we always say, the Big Brother to South America. We mean to have the main voice in deciding the destinies of Spanish America, whether our voice is desired or not. Now and then our Spanish-American small brothers murder a boat's crew of our blue jackets, but we do not allow trifles of that kind to affect our fixed policy, which was outlined some seventy years ago by President Monroe. That policy is now known as the "Monroe Doctrine," and it was adopted because we were much afraid that Europe in general would unite in partitioning South America, much as it has recently partitioned Africa.

But the Monroe Doctrine must be maintained at any cost, and England must be compelled to acknowledge it frankly. We are the strongest country in the world in wealth, in industries, in military potentiality, and in the character of our seventy millions of people. Every American schoolboy knows that we can annex any country we choose, and that we are withheld merely by motives of national honor, mixed with expediency. We annexed Texas and all the rest of the North American continent as soon as we needed it, and we shall not disturb Cuba or Mexico unless equally strong reasons can be urged. American trade has already conquered most of the British West Indies, and every New York merchant who trades with Spanish America hails the British flag as the protector of Maine lumber Virginia mules, Connecticut buggies and Yankee mixed cargoes of every kind. Our four masted schooners trade with British West Indians as with Americans of Florida or Maine.

Our Monroe Doctrine is America for the Americans—not for the Chinamen or the dregs of degenerate tribes. On this sentiment we represent religious liberty, equal law and the supremacy of Anglo-Saxon pluck and progress. Nothing can prevent the conquering march of the English tongue, though it may be checked here and there by bad laws and selfish quarrels. If Great Britain should prove false to the teachings of her history and should seek to plant upon American soil institutions hostile to religious and civil liberty, then let her be warned that we regard that as an infringement of our Monroe Doctrine, and should at once make war upon her with every dollar at our control. But if she join with us in recognizing the high mission of our race—of elevating the condition of native people; of planting good government where fraud and violence have hitherto prevailed—then we welcome her as our ally.

Lord Dufferin once told me that he did not think England would ever vote for war with us, because the house of lords had passed into the fair hands of American peeresses. This is worth remembering at this critical period. A duke or so comes rather high in hard times; but, after all, a first-class battle ship costs more to replace. But let not our navy department jump to the conclusion that henceforth it may build one ship less for every peer who marries in America. No—the Monroe Doctrine was not fulminated against England alone. And though we have temporarily secured a majority in the British house of lords in our favor, who knows how soon Russia or Spain, or several such countries combined, may make us feel glad that we had the good sense to cultivate the alliance of the people who speak our common English and think our common thoughts in matters of plain import.—Poultney Bigelow in New York Times.

FRANCE'S SOCIALIST MINISTRY.

Its Declaration of Policy Not Well Received by the Deputies.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The ministry's declaration of policy was read in the chamber to-day. It promises further inquiry into and publication of the fullest information obtainable with regard to the Southern railway scandal. The measures to be introduced by the new government include an income tax bill and a bill to prevent members of the legislature becoming directors of financial or commercial undertakings having transactions with the government. The declaration of policy also promises government support for various suggested reforms in the criminal laws. M. Gleyesse, a member of the chamber of deputies, has been appointed minister of the colonies.

The government will also introduce measures intended to defend the French peasantry against international speculations, for the formation of a colonial army, etc. The declaration of the policy is of unusual length, and vaguely describes the Radical aspirations. In the senate the outlining of the policy of the Bourgeois ministry was received with extreme coolness, with the exception of the passages referring to the reform in the law, which is understood to be aimed at the anarchists, and the references to the alliance with Russia. In the chamber of deputies when the declaration was read great enthusiasm was displayed from the Radical and Socialist benches. Elsewhere the reading of the document was coolly received.

S. F. & C. For All Points on Puget Sound

"F. S. & C." applied to steamer Rosalie means, fast, safe and comfortable. This new steamer leaves Victoria daily at 9 a.m., except Sundays, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with steamer Flyer daily for Tacoma, and Great Northern trains for all points east and south. Returning—Steamer leaves Seattle at 11:30 p.m. daily, except Sundays, arriving at Victoria at 6:30 a.m. Local and through tickets at Great Northern R.R. office, 75 Government street. *

FUEL.

Best Anti-Combine Coal

FROM SEATTLE,

—AT—

$6 PER TON, DELIVERED.

CORDWOOD $3.25 PER CORD

For sale at

J. E. PAINTER'S,

25 Comorant Street.

FUEL.

Good Dry Cordwood $3.00,

Delivered—Cash.

HARMAN & DICKINSON,

Telephone No. 27 30 Broad Street.

CORDWOOD.

THE SAANICH WOOD YARD

Office: JOHNS BROS., 259 Douglas St.

No. 1 Cord Wood $3.00
Cut and split and put in shed, 2.00
Bark, per cord 2.00

Telephone 439. ecd-1m

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

FUEL.

Coal $6.00.

Reduction in the price of the old, reliable, genuine,

Wellington Coal . . .

Until further notice we will sell best double screened Wellington Coal at $6 per ton, delivered in the city.

RATTRAY & HALL,

Sole Agents for R. Dunsmuir & Sons.

FIGHTING A FEARFUL FIRE

About Two Million Dollars of New York Money Gone Up in Smoke.

The Firemen Make a Gallant Fight and Have Many Hair-Breadth Escapes.

New York, Nov. 6.—So fierce and stubborn was a fire which broke out in a clothing house at 147 Crosby street last night that, before it could be got under control damage estimated at a million dollars, was done. The flames so soon got beyond the control of the firemen that an alarm had to be turned in calling all the engines of the city below 50th street. From the point where the fire was first seen the flames ran quickly through the building, which extends from the corner of Crosby and Bleeker streets through the 150 foot block, until it makes the southeast corner of Broadway and Bleeker street. This building was destroyed. From this building the flames got into the structure adjoining on the south, while to the north the flames shot across narrow Bleeker street, caught the enormous building of the Manhattan Savings institution, the upper storeys of which soon fell with a great crash while the firemen were at work on the lower floors.

Jacob Adler & Co., control the clothing establishment on the floor where the fire started. Beneath them on the ground of the building, facing Broadway, is the Empire State Bank. On the upper floors are Lauterbak & Co., silks, and several like concerns. Half an hour after the flames were first seen in Crosby street the building had been demolished. The walls still stood erect, but the apertures where the windows had been, showed through them a solid sheet of flame.

Notwithstanding the enormous heat, the firemen crowded the building closely. From the very first it was seen the building was doomed and the only chance was the saving of the adjacent structures. Suddenly, a few minutes before nine o'clock, where all had been light for blocks and blocks around, from the glare of the flames, there came darkness. From the rent walls there came a great cloud of black smoke that blotted out all the light and made the air so pungent in narrow Bleecker street that the fire fighters were compelled to run for their lives.

The smoke continued to pour out and the men had just determined to force their way through it and again get their position at the lines, when with a low sullen roar, the high standing walls parted, seemed to hang in the air for a moment, supported by the roaring flames, and then fell, a mighty weight, where a few moments before the firemen had stood.

The five-storey building to the south caught fire with the falling of the walls, and the firemen's attention was called to that. Twenty of them were before the place directing twenty streams of water when an explosion came that shook the building, and a second later every window in the building was blown into the street. The iron shutters were forced from their fastenings and sent sailing through the air. Two men who had stood near were blown across the street. Both were slightly injured and were attended by an ambulance surgeon.

It was just about this time that the flames sprang across the street and caught the building of the Manhattan Savings institution. Every effort was now expended on the big bank building, but despite everything that could be done the fire spread. Fire Chief Francis J. Reilly and twelve men were in the 6th storey of the building when from above the flames came so rapidly that their escape by the stairs or from the window through which they entered the building was cut off. By cutting a hole through the side wall of the building to the north the chief and eleven of the men escaped as the flames roared about them. Some of them were badly burned. Chief Reilly, when he reached the street, fainted. It was found that Reilly's back was injured, and he with several others were taken to the hospital.

It is now estimated that the total loss from buildings, stock, etc., will reach $1,500,000 to $2,000,000.

—Boys' heavy wool stockings 25 cts a pair. Gilmore & McCandless. *

FUEL.

COAL

Best Double-Screened

New Wellington Coal . . .

$6.00 Per Ton

Buy early and Avoid the rush.

Spratt & Macaulay

SOLE AGENTS.

A PLUGGED DOLLAR

Is as big around as a good dollar, but it won't pass. Same way with a Plugged Suit. Poor trimmings, poor workmanship, and antiquated styles give the suit and its wearer away every time and won't pass with well dressed gentlemen.

We don't make any of that kind here.

WE DO make proper Clothing at Popular Prices.

Our aim has always been—not to turn out cheap, sloppy garments blown together by unskilled labor—but to honestly build up the Best Garments in British Columbia for the least money. Nuff sed.

JOHN McCALLUM,

THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

Next to Times Building, 28 1-2 Broad St.

Every suit I make is a good advertisement for me. I cannot describe stock and prices in this space; come and see me about that suit, and while here you can get a price on an overcoat.

J. W. CREIGHTON,

The Reliable Tailor. 86 Government Street.

EDITORS, CLERGYMEN, PHYSICIANS TESTIFY.

Men and Women in all Walks of Life Tell of the Remarkable Cures Wrought by South American Nervine Tonic.

SIX DOSES WILL CONVINCE THE MOST INCREDULOUS.

EDITOR COLWELL, OF PARIS, ONT., REVIEW.

Newspaper editors are almost as sceptical as the average physician on the subject of new remedies for sick people. Nothing short of a series of most remarkable and well authenticated cures will incline either an editor or a doctor to seriously consider the merits honestly claimed for a medicine.

Hundreds of testimonials of wonderful recoveries wrought with the Great South American Nervine Tonic were received from men and women all over the country before physicians began to prescribe this great remedy in chronic cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, nervous prostration, sick headache, and as a tonic for building up systems sapped of vitality through protracted spells of sickness.

During his experience of nearly a quarter of a century as a newspaper publisher in Paris, Ont., Editor Colwell, of The Paris Review, has published hundreds of columns of paid medicine advertisements, and, no doubt, printed many a gracefully-worded puff for his patrons as a matter of business, but in only a single instance, and that one warranted by his own personal experience, has he given a testimonial over his own signature. No other remedy ever offered the public has proved such a marvellous revelation to the most sceptical as the South American Nervine Tonic. It has never failed in its purpose, and it has cured when doctors and other medicines were tried in vain.

"I was prostrated with a particularly severe attack of 'La Grippe,'" says Mr. Colwell, "and could find no relief from the intense pains and distress of the malady. I suffered day and night. The doctors did not help me, and I tried a number of medicines, but without relief. About this time I was advised to try the South American Nervine Tonic. Its effects were instantaneous. The first dose I took relieved me. I improved rapidly and grew stronger every day. Your Nervine Tonic cured me in a single week."

The South American Nervine Tonic rebuilds the life forces by its direct action on the nerves and the nerve centres, and it is this notable feature which distinguishes it from every other remedy in existence. The most eminent medical authorities now concede that fully two-thirds of all the physical ailments of humanity arise from exhaustion of the nerve forces. The South American Nervine Tonic acting direct upon the nerve centres and nerve tissues instantaneously supplies them with the true nourishment required, and that is why its invigorating effects upon the whole system are always felt immediately. For all nervous diseases, for general debility arising from enfeebled vitality, and for stomach troubles of every variety no other remedy can possibly take its place.

FOR SALE BY

Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co.

NOVEMBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
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24	25	26	27	28	29	30

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, -- Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

QUEBEC AFFAIRS.

The Taillon government has not laid before the Quebec legislature a very sensational programme for the session now in progress. Most important among the announcements in the speech was that the state of the provincial finances would enable the government to propose the abolition of "the manufacturing and trading licenses and the direct taxes on certain persons." These special taxes have constituted a great grievance, especially in Montreal, because they did not bear equally on city and country districts, so the government will win some favor if it can accomplish their abolition. The government's announcement, however, was accompanied by this qualification: "But the financial situation cannot be definitely settled until the railway enterprises now being carried on have been completed or abandoned, nor until the commission appointed to arbitrate upon the disputed accounts between the government of Canada and the governments of Ontario and Quebec has completed its task." In the meantime, though there is much need for economy and reduction of taxation, the province persists in hanging on to its useless and costly legislative council, an encumbrance which all the other provinces but Nova Scotia have shaken off. The Taillon government has also in prospect a "bad quarter hour" in respect of the French loan. It may be remembered that this loan netted the province only 77 and that the bonds were shortly afterwards sold by the Paris purchasers at a considerable advance. This is a rather awkward matter to have to explain, especially when the exchequer is in so bad a shape.

THE ARMENIAN TROUBLES.

It is hardly possible to disbelieve the reports concerning disorders caused by Armenians, and there will in consequence be a considerable withdrawal of sympathy from them by the civilized world. In one sense the Armenians are doing a considerable service to Great Britain, for, as the London Times points out, the Salisbury government will be justified in refusing to go further in the direction of pressure for reform for a people who thus reward its efforts on their behalf. This must come as a relief to the British authorities, whose intervention had landed them in a serious difficulty, owing to the course pursued by Russia and France. The rebellious operations of the Armenians will in all likelihood draw Russia into the affair, and then the Triple Alliance will no longer be able to hold aloof. Great Britain, therefore, will not be called upon to solve the problem alone and take the risk of a serious conflict with Turkey. As the situation changes the developments seem more and more to promise the breaking up of the Sultan's power.

THE STATE ELECTIONS.

National issues were but remotely involved in yesterday's elections in the United States, as this is what is called in the technical phraseology of politics an "off year." In a few cases the composition of the state legislatures was decided, and these of course have a more or less direct bearing on the complexion of the federal senate. But even in those states where legislative elections took place the issues were chiefly personal and local, having little to do with the management of national affairs. Perhaps the most interesting question was whether Tammany would regain control of New York city, and the advocates of political reform must be rather disheartened by the result. The "tiger" has triumphed, apparently because his foes were not united and harmonious. Whether the second state of New York city will be worse than the first, like the man into whom the evil spirit reentered, remains to be seen. The Republicans have kept control of the New York state legislature, mainly because of the more skilful tactics of their managers, chief of whom is the renowned Thomas C. Platt. It is stranger to find the Republicans gaining control of the Maryland legislature, but here again the fight was on narrow grounds. The vote of the colored people is said to have been a large factor in the Republican success, as they were led to believe that the defeat of the Democrats meant much for them. In other places there were all sorts of issues, the A. P. A., prohibition of betting at race tracks, liquor prohibition, and so on. Utah was a point of interest because of her taking out statehood for the first time. It was generally expected that the organization of the state would go into the hands of the Republicans.

—Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer has restored gray hair to its original color and prevented baldness in thousands of cases. It will do so to you.

Vancouver Letter.

Vancouver, Nov. 5—At the meeting of the city council last night resolutions were passed expressing the approval of the board of the proposal of G. F. Moncton for the erection of a smelter and refining works in this city, and promising when more definite particulars of the proposed industries have been furnished to submit a bonus by-law to the vote of the people in their favor. The bonus is to be in the shape of a bounty on the initial products of the works after their operation has been begun. They ask for a bounty of $5 per ton on the first five thousand tons of ore smelted and $3 per ton on the first ten thousand tons of bullion refined. The total cost of the works is to be between $350,000 and $400,000, the most expensive part of the undertaking being the refinery. There is at present no bullion refinery in Canada, and only two or three exist at distant parts in the United States, so that if one were erected here it would be reasonable to expect that not only the great bulk of the bullion produced in the province would be sent here for refinement, but much also from smelters in the Pacific coast states. No better institution could possibly be obtained for holding the mining business of the province within its borders than a sufficiently large and well equipped bullion refinery, and if the assurances of the people now making the offer to Vancouver turn out to be satisfactory, no doubt the ratepayers of Vancouver will readily grant the very modest bonus asked for. This matter is of no less importance to Victoria than Vancouver, for its chief value as a business producer will be the drawing of the trade of the interior westward to the coast and intercepting its present tendency southward and eastward. The enterprise, however, is still apparently in nubibus, and the promoters are seeking, no doubt, to make use of an expression of approval on the part of the city council to aid them in an effort to get the capital. If the promoters are the right people there can be no harm in this; but if they are not their operations backed by the resolution of the council might have a real drawback to the enterprise of others more capable in the same direction. The council, unfortunately, does not appear to have investigated this phase of the subject.

A. St. G. Hamersley has resigned the position of city solicitor, which he has held for several years. The market committee of the city council, at the meeting last night, reported recommending the solicitor's summary dismissal, on account of his having, as they alleged, acted contrary to the interests of the city in connection with the settlement with the sureties of the defaulting lessee of the market building. This recommendation failed to be adopted by the council, however, whereupon Ald. Coupland moved that the solicitor be given thirty days' notice that his services would be dispensed with. This motion would not have carried, for while five aldermen favored it, five also opposed it, together with the mayor, but before it was submitted to the meeting the solicitor handed in his resignation and asked that it should take effect at the close of the present municipal year. Mr. Hamersley handed in a written defence of his whole course of action in connection with the market matter, and defended himself in a speech against the charge that was made by Ald. Gallagher that he had exacted and received from borrowers from the civic sinking funds a commission of one percent. on the loans made. Gallagher had stated that this act was similar to that of a lawyer who acted for and received fees from both of two opposing clients. Mr. Hamersley justified his acts on the ground that it was the customary thing for lawyers to act as solicitors for lenders of money and receive their fees from the borrowers. This was what he had done, it was a perfectly proper thing to do, he said, and wholly different from the case stated by Gallagher of a lawyer who accepted fees from both of the opposing parties in a law suit. He, however, placed his resignation in the hands of the council as a protest against the unfair treatment and grossly abusive language to which he had been subjected by two or three members of the council, and at his request a motion was passed accepting the resignation. As to whether Mr. Hamersley will be retained as city solicitor at the end of the year depends upon the composition of the next council. "The Stable Cleaners," as the party in the council who routed out the police department this past summer are properly styled, are evidently after the scalps of the whole list of civic office holders. Public sympathy seems very much divided, and the next municipal contest will be a bitter one.

Provincial Secretary Baker has sent in a letter to the city council explaining way the provincial executive did not carry out the wishes of the city council regarding the salary to be paid to the newly appointed police magistrate for this city. The council asked that the salary should be $1200 per year; the government decided to keep it at the old figure of $1800. The provincial secretary in his letter says anything lower than $1800 would not be sufficient recompense for a man of qualifications suitable for the discharge of such important functions, and instances the fact that the police magistrate of Victoria gets $2400. The government, therefore, respectfully declined to be guided by the judgment of the city council in this matter. The provincial government is, of course, responsible for the administration of justice within its magisterial limits, but some of the aldermen are nevertheless very much incensed that their advice regarding a salary which they are compelled to pay has not been accepted.

The people of New Westminster are just now very much wrought up about the proposed action of the provincial government to consolidate the land registry offices of Vancouver and the Royal City, placing both offices under the direction of the registrar at present located here. The supreme court registry offices of the two places, it is said, are to be similarly treated, the government justifying itself wholly on the ground of economy in the public service. This plea will undoubedlty go a long way, for economy is urgenly needed, but the Westminstrians are very wroth to see it begun with such radicalness at their end of the line. If there is work for only one registrar in each of the two cases mentioned only one should be employed, but the government must be careful to effect its economies on even lines. The useless expenditure of a large amount of money in the pampered office of agent-general in London, not to mention other extravagancies of like unprofitable and partizan nature within the province, will now come up for all the more severe criticism, and it is well that it should be so.

In connection with the matter of provincial revenues, it may be mentioned that a subject which will soon provoke much public discussion is that of the tax on the producing mines of the province. Mr. N. C. Schon, of this city, in a public speech the other day, advocated a system of royalties by which, if the predictions of mining development should prove correct, would supply one-third or one-half of the provincial revenues. The subject is one of great interest, and will no doubt prove a very important feature in the provincial legislation of the early future.

Good advice: Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—New line of pocket cutlery just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. Shaving outfits a specialty, guaranteed.

—Skin rugs in white, gray, amber, dark brown, and black: these rugs have been well selected. Weiler Bros.

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

IF A FIRE

Were raging at our stores our delivery wagons could not have handled more goods than they have during the past week. Why, it has been

A steady stream of customers,
And a steady flow of cash:
Of Bargains rare, come, get your share;
With our prices it's crash! bang! smash!

The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co. Ltd.
W. E. McCORMACK, Manager.

R. P. RITHET & CO.,
LIMITED.,
Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.,
Wholesale Merchants, Shipping & Insurance Agents.

Proprietors Victoria Wharf, Outer Harbor,
Proprietors Columbia Flouring Mills, Enderby.

AGENTS FOR
Victoria Canning Co. of British Columbia, Fraser River, Skeena River and River's Inlet Canneries.
Skeena River Packing Co., Skeena River.
Lowe Inlet Packing Company, Lowe Inlet.
Giant Powder Co., Con. (Works, Cadboro Bay).
Pacific Coast Steamship Co., San Francisco.
Puget Sound Tug Boat Co., Port Townsend.
Queen Insurance Co., of America, (Fire).
Lancashire Insurance Co.
English and American Marine Insurance Companies.
Wells, Fargo & Company.

Lloyd's Agency | Hawaiian Consulate.

Pneumonia

Isn't a very pleasant thing to think about even, but to avoid it altogether it is necessary that your feet should be warm and dry. A pair of OUR CORK SOLED SHOES will keep them so. If you prefer Rubbers we have them too, from the Sandal to the Gum Boot reaching to the hip. Leggings and Spats of the latest designs and shades.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johson Sts.

Corn,
Peas,
Tomatoes.

Our Stock of CANNED GOODS is New and Fresh.

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line, Mongolian	Nov. 16
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Nov. 16
Beaver Line, Winnipeg	Nov. 13
Beaver Line, Ontario	Nov. 20

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Etruria	Nov. 16
Cunard Line, Campania	Nov. 23
American Line, St. Louis	Nov. 16
American Line, New York	Nov. 23
White Star Line, Majestic	Nov. 13
White Star Line, Germanic	Nov. 20
Red Star Line, Southwark	Nov. 13
Red Star Line, Friesland	Nov. 20
North Ger. Lloyd, Spree	Nov. 12
North Ger. Lloyd, Werra	Nov. 16
Anchor Line, Anchoria	Nov. 16
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Nov. 30
Allan State Line, California	Nov. 23

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second Cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage $16.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10.00 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here.

For sailing list, steamer accommodation, and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

..THE..
New Model Remington Standard
TYPEWRITER
No. 6

Has many notable improvements, viz: More permanent alignment, improved spacing mechanism, lighter and wider carriage, uniform and easy touch, economical ribbon movement, improved paper feed.

To those requiring a Typewriter, we offer the Remington, as the best machine on the market.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,
Sole Dealers, Victoria, B. C.

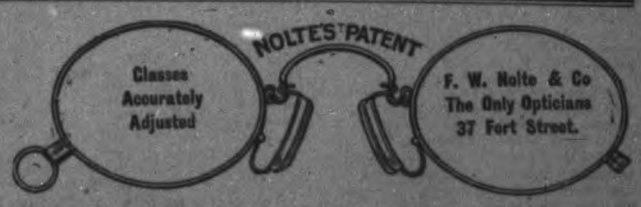
5000 Chrysanthemums
Your choice of 60 Varieties, the finest in cultivation. Tons of Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, etc. Prices Lowest in British Columbia.
McTAVISH'S NURSERY,
oct. 25-1m. 9 Park Road.

We have the finest line of

Waterproof Boots
For fall and winter wear ever imported to the Province.

GOLF BOOTS, in best makes. We keep the best footgear in the City.

J. H. BAKER, 63 Government Street.



Raw Winds, Fog and Rain

Are after us at this season of the year, and we need to pay especial care to our health at this time.

The Best Safeguard
Is one of our
Fine Heating Stoves.

We have a large line of the best. All shapes, styles and prices.

PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson Street.

G. H. BOWES,
Prescription and Family Chemist,
100 Government Street,
Near cor. Yates St.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Coal hods at Cheapside.

—Boys' wool stockings, 25c., at Gilmore & McCandless.

—The Y. M. . will hold their annual dance on Thanksgiving evening. The committee in charge completed all arrangements at its meeting last evening.

—W. G. Martin, of Port Angeles, reports the loss of a sailboat, navigating instruments, clothing, provisions, etc. Mr. Martin is looking for the thieves in Victoria.

—A very pretty cantata is being rehearsed by the Calvary Baptist church choir under the leadership of Mr. G. F. Watson. It will be presented about the 1st of December.

—John Grace Leveridge, of North road, Victoria, and Miss Paulina Priestly, of Minneapolis, were married by the Rev. J. B. Haslam at St. Barnabas church. They will reside in the city.

—The Ladies' Aid of St. Saviour's church, Victoria, West, conducted a very successful sale of plain and fancy work yesterday. The congregation has increased to such an extent that the church building will be enlarged.

—Mr. Thos. Hill, a popular farmer near Duck's, was recently married to Miss Catharine Martin, daughter of Hon. G. R. Martin, chief commissioner of lands and works. Rev. Mr. Flewelling, of Kamloops, tied the nuptial knot.

—The City of Topeka, which sails tomorrow morning for Alaska, will carry a shipment of T rails and fish plates to be used in constructing a railroad in the famous Treadwell mines on Douglas Island.

—Tickets for the Jubilee hospital ball, to be held on the 7th inst., can be had from Challoner & Mitchell, Davidson Bros., R. Jamieson, T. N. Hibben & Co., and will be on sale at the assembly rooms, Fort street, on the day of the ball.

—A stall of prettily dressed dolls and a bargain counter will be special features of the annual bazaar of the ladies guild of St. John's church, to be held on Tuesday next. A number of useful articles suitable for Christmas presents will also be offered for sale.

—J. R. Thompson, of Alberni, and E. C. Musgrave, of Cowichan, were successful candidates at the first examination in practical assaying held in the province. H. Carmichael, provincial analyst, and W. Pellew Harvey, of Vancouver, were the examiners. A third candidate has yet to be examined in one subject.

—R. H. Jameson occupied the chair at the open meting held by the Royal Templars of Temperance in the Sir William Wallace hall last evening. Addresses were delivered by Rev. J. P. Hick and D. Sprague, and the programme as published a few days was well carried out. The next open meeting will be held on December 3rd.

—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Reformed Episcopal church was celebrated last evening by an enjoyable social held in the school room. The programme was: Piano duet, Mrs. W. R. Higgins and Miss R. McTavish; song, Miss Eva Bradley; quartette, Mrs. Helmcken, Miss Mouat, Messrs. Keith, and Laundy; song, Mr. Greyville; tea; vocal duet, Mrs. Helmcken and Miss Mouat; piano solo, Miss R. McTavish; song, Mr. W. R. Higgins; vocal duet, Messrs. Bradley and Laundy; violin solo, Master Jim Fawcett; and glee, the choir.

—The enactment of a Sunday observance by-law and a crusade against houses of ill-fame were the subjects discussed by the Ministerial Association at its last regular meeting. The attorney-general gave as his opinion that there was nothing in the Municipal Act to prevent the adoption of as stringent a Sunday law as is in force in Toronto and other eastern cities, if such was desired by the people. The city council will be approached on the subject. The Ministerial Association will further discuss these matters at its next meeting, which will be held in two weeks.

—Recent arrivals from Cook Inlet report that two miners, Frank Lemar, and a man named Dyer, are missing from Cook Inlet and it is thought that they have either been drowned or killed by Indians. The two men left Cook Inlet last April in a skin canoe with three months' provisions, going up Kneek river. They intended to cross the mountains and prospect down the Copper river. The streams are full of treacherous falls and hidden boulders, and on Copper river there is a band of Indians who have resolutely kept all miners out of their territory.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, taken at this season, will make you feel strong and vigorous and keep you from sickness later on.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—There were no cases in the police court this morning.

—The Rathbone Sisters meet at Castle Hall this evening to complete organization.

—"The Woman Who Did" and "The Coming Woman" for sale at Johnston's, Douglas street.

—Grand Chancellor Ackerman of the K. of P. will on the 14th inst. attend a joint meeting of the Victoria lodges.

—The steamer City of Kingston yesterday completed her sixteen hundredth trip between Victoria and the Sound.

—J. W. Hanna has resigned his position as manager of the Seattle theatre. He has been succeeded by S. C. Hellig.

—The Coghlan-Stockwell company closed their engagement at the Victoria theatre last evening, presenting "Peg Woffington" or "Masks and Faces" to a large audience.

—The Evangel came over from Port Angeles last evening. She had on board 100,000 shingles from the Port Angeles mills consigned to the Shawnigan Lake Lumber company.

—A point has been raised as to whether the United States Court of Appeals at San Francisco has the power to try the appeals of owners of the steamer Coquitlam against the decision of the Alaskan courts. It is contended by some that Alaska is not included in the Ninth circuit, the court for which is at San Francisco. If the point is good many decisions will be quashed.

—Her numerous friends were shocked to hear of the sudden death of Mrs. Wm. Steinberger, who died only this morning at the family residence, Glenford avenue, Lake district. Mrs. Steinberger was about 22 years of age and leaves one child. She was formerly Miss Annie Sway, of Royal Oak. The funeral will take place to-morrow at 2.30 p.m.

—William Jensen, of the Hotel Dallas, has again taken charge of his old and popular establishment, the Occidental Hotel, Johnson street. Carpenters and painters have been busy during the past week giving the place a thorough overhauling, while an asphalt walk is being placed around the entire building. Mr. Jensen expects to be ready for the reception of guests the last of the week, or at the latest the beginning of next.

—If the old Indians of Saanich know anything about weather signs British Columbians are going to have a hard winter. They say everything points to a very heavy fall of snow and severe weather. The chief sign was the fog which prevailed during the past few weeks. They say that the last time similar weather was experienced during October, the Fraser river was frozen over for three months from January to the end of March.

—Mr. Wm. Bell, the observer of the United States weather bureau at Port Angeles, says there has been more fog during this October than there has been altogether in the past five years. He attributes it to the lack of rain, there having been only thirteen inches of rainfall since January first, when the average should be 22 inches. It is also unusual that all this month the barometer has been very high, and only fifteen hundredths of an inch of rain fell.

—The Southern Pacific Railway Company has inaugurated a passenger rate war against the O. R. and N. Steamship Company. Every time an O. R. and N. steamer leaves Portland for San Francisco, which is every five days, the railway company gives a cheap rate. This started on the 4th instant, and every five days after that date the company will sell a first class ticket from Victoria to San Francisco for $26, including a Pullman sleeper from Portland to San Francisco, and second class tickets for $16. This is a reduction of about $10.

—A clipper ship race from Tacoma to Adelaide, N.S.W., on a big wager, is about to take place. The contestants will be the Hawaiian bark Mauna Ala, Capt. Smith, and the German bark Bertha, Capt. Rasch, both now loading lumber at the Tacoma mill. The bet was made several days ago, but the amount has not been made public. By its terms Capt. Smith bets that he will beat the Bertha into Adelaide five sailing days. The ships will not sail on the same date, but the bet will be decided on the actual sailing time. Each will carry about the same cargo. The Mauna Ala is 818 tons burden, and the Bertha of 1053 tons.

—The main wall below the cofferdam at Beaver Lake will be completed tonight, and the side walls will be completed in a few days. This includes all the heavy work in Messrs. Walkely, King & Casey's contract. They have over a hundred men at work, and with fine weather they expect to finish up before the end of the year. But after they are finished a lot of work will have to be done, the biggest job being the removal of some 40,000 yards of black mud from the basin. As the city does not, according to the contract, take over the contractors' work until it has been given a three months' trial, they are not likely to commence the other work until that time has elapsed.

—Referring to the fact that the San Francisco Oriental steamship lines had put the big steamer Evandale on the route with the object of regaining the Chinese passenger traffic, a Tacoma dispatch says: "Shipping men say the San Francisco lines will not win the trans-Pacific Chinese passenger trade by fitting up the steamship Evandale to carry Chinese exclusively. One of them says: 'The Northern lines have secured a good hold on the trans-Pacific business. The San Francisco lines cannot compete with the Northern Pacific line. The Northern line has a much shorter route. It runs regular steamers at much less expense than the San Francisco companies can operate theirs. The Evandale has no side windows, and all the light to be had will have to come through the hatches. The steamer would have to be rigged up with rough board bunks to make a profit on the trade, and the cute Chinese would not patronize that kind of an arrangement.'"

—Weiler Bros. can supply you with almost any style of wall paper. Competent work done in this line, and in any line in which we deal.

—The I. O. G. T. lodge at Victoria West are rehearsing that well known play, "Ten Nights in a Bar-room." It will be presented in Sample's hall on the evenings of the 19th and 20th.

—When the Willapa left the north the little steamer Barnnoff, which met with a slight mishap at Tongas Narows, was again at her usual work. Apparently she was none the worse for grazing the rocks during a thick fog.

—The Quadra with Captain Gaudin on board left this morning for Vancouver. She will return on Saturday. The Quadra is making her last inspection of the different lighthouses in British Columbia waters before lying up for the winter.

—The steamer City of Puebla, which sailed from San Francisco this morning, has the following cabin passengers for Victoria: B. J. Hays, B. Rogers, E. Cudihee, C. P. Stringer, T. J. Stephens and wife, Frank Davis, Mrs. A. Lewis, F. Battato, J. Sullivan, F. Minnette, O. Newhaus.

—There are two different rumors current with respect to Hotel Dallas. One states that it has been acquired by R. Dunsmuir & Son and the other that the C. P. R. will take charge. Mr. William Jensen, the proprietor of the Dallas, states that he knows nothing of either transaction and that both are entirely erroneous.

—A series of concerts under the auspices of the I. O. G. T. lodges will be given on Saturday nights at Temperance hall. The first will be given next Saturday, November 9, by Perseverance Lodge, No. 1. A first-class programme, consisting of songs, recitations and a short address, has been prepared, and visitors will be made welcome.

—A concert will be held in the Temperance Hall, South Saanich, this evening. A special train leaves the Sidney railway station at 7:30 to carry those from the city who wish to go. The receipts of the concert will go toward building an addition to the teacher's house at West Saanich. J. G. Brown and other well known singers from the city will take part.

—The electric railway company will run a special car service for the Jubilee ball to-morrow night. The 10-minute service on Fort street and the 20-minute service on the Esquimalt line, will be continued until 10 p.m., so that patrons of the ball may be landed at the Assembly Hall without any delay, and special cars will leave the Assembly Hall for all city points and Esquimalt at 1:30 sharp and at the close of the ball.

—This evening the Metropolitan Methodist church choir will give the first of a series of secular concerts. One of the features of this evening will be the duet "The Moon Hath Raised Her Lamp," by Messrs. Ives and Rowlands. These concerts have attracted a good deal of interest, and those in charge of the affair are noted for the success of all such ventures which they undertake. Admission is free, but a collection will be taken up.

—The British Columbia Commercial Journal kindly compliments the Times as follows: "Our contemporary the Times is at present getting out a splendid paper. Typographically it is all that could be desired, and from the point of view of literary and news matter it is a splendid publication. Its columns are bright and full of interest, and Editor Templeman is to be congratulated on the enterprise and energy which are everywhere manifested."

—A Honolulu correspondent, writing date of Oct. 26th, states that the cholera has been completely eradicated and the normal condition of business has returned there. Recently the community has been startled to death with one of those periodical rumors about the landing and approach of a filibustering band, but it appears the rumor could be traced no further than the newspapers which seek to imitate the sensational press of the great republic.

—The steamer Maude, Capt. Sears, returned from the west coast last evening. The weather has been very foggy for the last week, and an unknown sailing vessel almost came to grief on the rocks near Carmanah Point. Fortunately a stiff breeze off shore sprang up and the vessel escaped. The Maude had only a small list of passengers, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. Mann, of Esculet, who are going to Winnipeg, Capt. Gault and W. W. Rhodes, of the Seattle Press-Times.

—At the weekly meeting of Perseverance Lodge, I. O. G. T., on Thursday, the officers for the ensuing quarter were installed. Brother J. Russell having been appointed District Deputy, he resigned his office of L. D. and was succeeded by Bro. Eyres. The following are the new officers: C. T., Bro. Townsend; V. T., Sister Newbigging; Secretary, Bro. Wilson; financial secretary, Bro. Moody; treasurer, Sister Townsend; chaplain, Bro. Rev. J. Bushell; P. C. T., Bro. L. Hall; M., Bro. Newbigging; Gd., Sister A. Wilson; Sentl., Bro. Reagan; D. M. Sister Hall.

—The news of the wreck of the schooner Crystal, which left Tacoma with a party of prospectors for Alaska, is confirmed by Captain Roberts, of the Willapa, who came over from the Sound last evening. The Crystal was built last spring at a cost of about four thousand dollars. Her crew returned to the Sound on the Topeka. The news from the Yukon, Cook's Inlet and other mining regions is very encouraging and much brighter than was expected in the early part of the season. The Willapa leaves again for the north on the 10th inst.

—The dress rehearsal of the operetta the Tyrolean Queen, held last evening, proved to be a success, and if this evening's performance is as good the little ones who take part will have reason to be proud and the public will be rewarded for their patronage. The scenery painted by M. Quentin was very effective, particularly his fairy palace and transformation tableaux. The object of the performance is to aid St. Joseph's hospital. While they receive no bonus from either the government or the city, the Sisters never shut the door of their hospital to the poor, no matter what their religion. This fact, should insure them a full house at each performance.

$3. CABINETS $3.
Our Cabinets gained First Prize and Diploma at the last Provincial Exhibition AGAINST STRONG COMPETITION. We will give the same class of work for $3.00 per dozen for a SHORT TIME ONLY.
JONES & CO., 58 1-2 GOVERNMENT ST.

ORANGEMEN CELEBRATE.

Grand Ball Held Last Night in Assembly Hall by Capital Lodge.

The local Orangemen and their friends to the number of 300, last evening celebrated the anniversary of gunpowder plot, at a grand ball given in Assembly hall by Capital lodge No. 1667. The hall was just comfortably filled, the music were good and in fact everything tended to make the evening an enjoyable one. The hall was tastefully decorated, for which credit is due to Mr. J. C. Richards. The floor managers were: James Cummings, John Walker, A. McAfee, W. Allan and Wm. Wallace and the reception committee J. Wallace, J. W. Creighton, H. McDonald, William Lough, S. G. Campbell, A. Erskine and R. Boyd.

There was an intermission at midnight when supper was served. The programme of dances was as follows: Lancers, waltz, polka, schottische, waltz, quadrille, bon-ton, ripple, waltz. French minuet, schottische, quadrille, waltz, polka, schottische, waltz, ripple, lancers French minuet, rye waltz, ripple, broncho, waltz, polka, jersey, waltz.

REGISTRY OFFICE CHANGES.

Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster Offices Were Treated Alike.

A delegation representing the barristers of New Westminster were in the city last evening to see Attorney-General Eberts regarding the changes made in the registry office at that city. In conversation with a Times representative Mr. Eberts explained why the services of several officers in both Vancouver and New Westminster were dispensed with. It was necessary, he said, to reduce the staff in both offices to bring the expenditure within the estimates. At New Westminster the services of Registrar Corrigan and Clerk Miller had been dispensed with, and at Vancouver Messrs. Sharpe and Alexander had been similarly dealt with. If this had not been done the expenditure on the Westminster office would have exceeded the estimates by $1900, and at Vancouver the estimates would have been exceeded by $2200. A similar reduction had been made in the Victoria office some months ago, the services of Messrs. Mallandaine and Phipps having been dispensed with. Both the Vancouver and Westminster offices would be under the supervision of Mr. T. O. Townley. He knew of no other changes that would be made.

As far as Mr. Eberts knew, a registrar would be appointed for the supreme court at New Westminster.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WE have just received 2 cases of genuine
Imported Woolens and Worsteds
especially selected for the holiday trade. These Goods are the finest ever imported to the Province, and should be inspected by all gentlemen contemplating the purchase of garments for Fall and Winter wear.
CAMPBELL & CO.,
Merchant Tailors,
Cor. Broad St., and Trounce Ave., Opposite Driard.

I have just received a Stock of
Mackintoshes
From the original patentee and a fine line of MELISSA Goods. They are just the thing to keep you out of the wet, and can be had from $8 upwards. Keep dry and save your clothes and the doctors bill at the same time.
S. Reid,
Gents' Clothier, 122 Government Street.

Isn't it Time
You bought that fall overcoat you've been promising yourself? It is? Well then why not buy it? Can't afford it you say—nonsense! Have you seen the coats we sell at ten dollars? No? Then it's time you did. Perhaps you would rather go without a coat than wear a cheap one but if we show you a garment that has the style and appearance of a high-priced one for the cost of a low-priced one, we overcome that objection, don't we? You must not class the kind we sell with the indifferent kind handled by the average store. Our
Winter Weight Overcoats
$10, $12 and $15
Are ready sellers. It's hard work to sell you a coat—on paper, but come and see the coats and they'll sell themselves. They're different from the common kind.
Cameron, THE CASH CLOTHIER, 55 JOHNSON STREET.

$16.50
Will buy a Fine
BLUE BEAVER OVERCOAT
English Coods, Box Back, Double Breasted, Large Buttons, Fancy Lining; in every respect superior to a custom made article at $25.00.
GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 & 37 JOHNSON STREET.

Dancing
Ladies who are going to the Charity Ball should step into our store and look at these Elegant Evening American Slippers in French Kid, Tan and Lavender Suede, White and Colored Satins, going at $3 50 cash. These must be cleared out.
H. MANSELL,
See Show Case for Style. 95 Government Street.

KINNAIRD
Is showing a nice line of OVERCOATINGS at $20. The best goods, the best materials, the best workmanship.
KINNAIRD, THE CASH TAILOR, 46 JOHNSON STREET.

To the Public:
We take pleasure in informing you that at the recent Exhibition held at New Westminster, in competition with all the manufacturers of the Province, we were awarded the only
...Gold Medal...
For Excellence of Quality of our JAMS, JELLIES and CANNED GOODS.
Yours Truly,
Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Ltd.
Our Goods are on sale at all Grocers. Ask for them.

Toulon and Toulouse
Are two towns in France which represent bad fitting garments. If you are troubled in that way just give us a call and be convinced. Either lady or gentleman can have perfect fitting garments by calling on
Wm. Stewart, Merchant and Ladies' Tailoring Establishment.
The latest in everything. Suits from $15 up.

BROKEN IN HEALTH.

THE INTERESTING STORY OF A LADY IN QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

Suffered With Severe Headaches, Loss of Appetite and Fatigue on Slight Exertion—Insomnia Added Its Terrors to Her Trouble.

The Vidette, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

Throughout this broad Dominion there are thousands of women, prematurely old and constant sufferers, either as a result of too constant application to household work, or from troubles incidental to the sex. To those suffering thus, it is gratifying to know that there has at last been found a remedy that will restore them to health and strength, and bring health and happiness where before had been misery and suffering. Many of our readers who know Mrs. Cargo only as an energetic and capable boarding house keeper, may not know that about a year and a half ago she was a confirmed sufferer, feeling but little hope of her recovery to health. Although not confined to bed she dragged on a wretched existence from day to day. Added to her other sufferings was that terrible one, known to some in a mild form, but to few, as to Mrs. Cargo—insomnia. This with her other troubles, headache, and a feeling of fatigue on slight exertion was rapidly breaking her down. Many medicines were tried but none reached the seat of the trouble and Mrs. Cargo felt like giving up in despair. At last, however, she was induced to try a medicine that is exciting much favorable comment the world over—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Mrs. Cargo admits that after the numerous disappointments she had experienced she had but little faith left in any medicine, but before taking the Pink Pills long she found her appetite, which had long been very poor, returning, and this gave her the first ray of hope she had had. Her husband began to notice the improvement in her condition and another supply of Pink Pills was procured, which were carefully and faithfully taken according to directions. The improvement was so marked that she continued the treatment from January till March, at the end of which time she had gained thirty-seven pounds in weight, and was fully restored to health and has had no return of the trouble since.

Mrs. Cargo says she cannot speak in terms too strong in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and would like us to make known to other poor sufferers the benefit she has derived from the use of this great restoring medicine.

An impoverished condition of the blood or a disordered state of the nerves is the fruitful source of most ills that afflict mankind, and to any thus affected Dr. Williams' Pink Pills accomplish all that is claimed for them. They cure locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, diseases depending upon vitiated condition of the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, curing all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark. They are never sold in bulk, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form should be avoided. These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail at either address, at 50 cents or six boxes for $2.50.

AN INCIDENT IN SCHOOL.

A Tale of a Teacher, a Boy and a Brick Chimney.

A correspondent sends the Youth's Companion a story which his grandfather used to tell. It was in the days of open fires, and the school house had an enormous brick chimney built out into the room, the better to afford warmth, leaving a space about three or four feet in width between it and the well. This was an attractive spot for the boys on rainy days, when outdoor sports were impossible, and many a game of tag was played, in which dodging about the old chimney formed a prominent part.

One afternoon the master, a tall, sharp featured man, whose spectacled eyes took note of the smallest breach of discipline, detected a boy in some offence that in his opinion warranted a whipping. The culprit was called to the platform at once, but as the teacher was in the midst of an explanation to the class, and perhaps held the belief that the worst part of a punishment is the anticipation of it, he simply motioned the youngster to wait until the recitation should be over.

The recitation came to an end at last, the class filed to their seats, and the master grasped the ferule and started towards the delinquent. As he put out his hand to take a firm hold of the boy's collar, there was an unexpected move on the victim's part. The suspense had been too much for his nerves, and he gave a quick jump, just out of reach of the avenging hand and stood rapidly winking his eyes in astonishment at his own daring.

The teacher made another attempt to seize the boy but he dodged again. The performance was repeated several times, and at last, before the lad realized what he was doing, he had broken into a run, while the schoolmaster, with ferule uplifted and vengeance in his eye, was close at his heels.

Down one aisle and up another they ran, the youngster slightly in advance, the teacher, with superior length of limb, rapidly approaching him. At length their headlong course brought them near the brick chimney, and the boy darted behind it like a hunted rabbit.

Then began a race such as the old school house had never witnessed. Round and round the chimney they tore, first boy and then teacher, appearing and disappearing in dizzy rotation before the eyes of the staring and excited pupils.

Suddenly the idea struck the boy that in the natural course of events, the master would soon think of the simple expedient of stopping short, and he, with his acquired momentum, would find it impossible not to run into the enemy's arms.

He changed his tactics at once, and darting off at a tangent, slid into the nearest seat, which happened to be amongst the girls. There he sat panting, leaving his pursuer to revolve alone.

The teacher was putting his soul into his work. He raced, he flew, his coattails streamed behind him, drops of perspiration stood upon his forehead, and still his efforts were unrewarded by even a sight of the runaway.

At last as the boy had foreseen, he stopped short, and a grim smile came over his face as he planted his feet firmly and stretched his arms widely apart to resist the expected shock.

As he waited, the smile gradually faded from his countenance, and gave place first to surprise, and then to utter bewilderment. The sight was too much for the pupils. They began to titter, and as the absurdity of the situation grew upon them, burst into peals of laughter. Even the culprit, cowering in his too prominent seat, joined in with a faint giggle.

The master was utterly at a loss. He wiped his perspiring forehead, gazed dizzily around the room, looked down, rubbed his spectacles, and seemed confused.

"Well," he said, as he recovered breath so that he could speak, "I can't remember which boy I was chasing; but if he'll come forward and own up, I'll let him off this time."

"And as you may imagine," my grandfather would add, "I was only too glad to accept the conditions offered, for I was that boy."

Weak Women

and all mothers who are nursing babies derive great benefit from Scott's Emulsion. This preparation serves two purposes. It gives vital strength to mothers and also enriches their milk and thus makes their babies thrive.

Scott's Emulsion

is a constructive food that promotes the making of healthy tissue and bone. It is a wonderful remedy for Emaciation, General Debility, Throat and Lung Complaints, Coughs, Colds, Anæmia, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Send for Pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

THE REASON WHY.

"What makes you buy that brand of soap?"
I asked a woman shrewd;
"Some others have far larger scope,"
Their names I have reviewed.
"What makes me buy that certain brand?"
The woman looked surprised,
And thus she answered my demand—
"Because it's advertised!"

Why did you choose that ribbon fair?"
I asked a little miss;
"The storekeeper had others there—
Why did you ask for this?"
She gazed at me with pitying eye,
My face she critised,
Then answered very simply, "Why—
Because it's advertised!"

"What makes you always buy that wine?"
I asked a business friend;
"It's quite a favorite of mine
But—why select this brand?"
He looked astonished, and my aim
He had not recognized,
But still he answered just the same—
"Because it's advertised!"

And so you'll find where'er you go,
Wherever people buy,
The goods that have the greatest show
And on which folks rely
Are those made known thro' printers' ink,
And it may be surmised
One merit is, the people think,
"Because they're advertised!"

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

A NEW SOCIETY FAD.

Hard Working Women in the Gay World Find the Need of Rest.

This fad, according to the well known author, Asie S. Swan, is really a most admirable idea. Society women of to-day do not take life easily. The Queen, in the early years of her reign, often expressed wonder at the terribly exhausting ordeal the more distinguished of her lady subjects imposed upon themselves. The endless balls and dinners, and teas they managed to attend day after day during the season positively staggered her. But that is long ago, and nowadays their load of social engagements is just double as heavy as then. What is the result? Since woman is but a mortal, her health suffers. She becomes weary, dissatisfied neurotic, and loses her bloom earlier than she would, did she lead a more natural life. Well, a certain Marchioness, who shall be nameless, has hit upon a very sensible plan. While staying at Paris, it came to her ears that a practical, hard-working French woman in business, whose duties were so arduous that her strength would have failed had she not given herself, and systematically, rest at least twice a month, made inquiries as to her mode of procedure, and has since adopted it with excellent results. Shall I tell you what the Marchioness does? Once, then, in ten days—say during the London season—she passes a whole day in bed. In the morning she just rises to take a cold bath and in the evening a warm one. She receives no one, takes simple and nourishing food at the usual hours, sleeps in the afternoon with the blinds drawn down, and then reads an amusing book for the rest of the day. The benefit which she derives from this regime she finds incalculable. Of course the plan is only to be recommended to those who lead hard-working lives. The lady of whom I have written is one of the most arduous entertainers in all society. I am convinced that if the New Women—for we are all "new" in a way, little though we may realize it—would rest at times from her remorseless activity, and allow herself to vegetate, it would be the better for her health and temper, and for those who mostly come in contact with her.

Rheumatism Runs Riot

When there is a lactic acid in the blood. Liniments and lotions will be of no permanent benefit. A cure can be accomplished only by neutralizing this acid and for this purpose Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine because Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only blood purifier prominently in the public eye.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily, yet promptly and effectively, on the liver and bowels.

It is Absurd to be Cold

when your outer clothing can be made without extra expense so that not a breath of raw air or damp wind can get near you. This means an absence of colds and chills and saving of medicines and doctor's bills. DOES IT SOUND ATTRACTIVE? Then use....

.. FIBRE CHAMOIS ..

to line your coats and wraps and keep out all cold, but FIND THE NAME ON EVERY YARD as there are many paper imitations which are worthless.

PATENTED, JULY 1890, MARCH 1895.

Dear Sir:—I have suffered from Eczema for two years; tried different kinds of medicine. I was at the hospital for some time, and was told there that all had been done for me that could be done. I ceased treatment at Christmas. After leaving the hospital I was under the care of a Hamilton physician, but got no relief. I have taken four bottles of Kootenay Cure, and I am now well and free from Eczema. Yours very truly,
WM. MARCHAM,
242 Barton St. East, Hamilton.

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

KOOTENAY

CURES RHEUMATISM.

Dear Sir:—After examining a very severe sufferer from Rheumatism, also a bad case of blood disorder and skin disease, I have no hesitation in recommending your medicine as an A1 article. Yours respectfully,
DR. ENGREY, Niagara Falls, Canada.

Parties wishing pamphlet containing hundreds of cures can obtain same by addressing

S. S. RYCKMAN MEDICINE CO., - HAMILTON, ONT.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SIDEWALK PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Three Hundred of Them Looking Up New Yorkers with a Streak of Vanity.

There is quite a large business done in the east and west side sections of New York on clear and pleasant autumn days by itinerant photographers, who work on the following plan:—A boss photographer has the apparatus for turning out quickly and in good shape a large number of pictures. But his store or studio is either on a side street or upstairs on a thoroughfare the passers-by on which have little money to spend for photographs. So he enters into an arrangement with perhaps half-a-dozen young photographers, who may be temporarily out of employment, and who are willing to earn an honest dollar, and each of these he fits out with a kit of photographic materials at the studio. They start on a clear morning on their daily rounds, carrying under one arm the photographic apparatus, and under the other the stand upon which the camera rests.

The outfit costs the itinerant photographer nothing, for it is borrowed property. When he sees standing in a doorway, or entrance to a store, or in a park, or near a public building an individual, or group of individuals who might be willing to pay for photographs, he begins negotiations, and usually agrees to take a photograph on trial. The camera is put in position, and the portrait or group is taken, and a memorandum is made of the location. Then the photographer proceeds on his way to take another portrait or group, and so continues until nightfall. Then he turns over the photographs to the studio owner, who finishes them off, and a few days later the itinerant man pays another visit to the neighborhood, and, showing the proofs, arranges for the sale of so many copies as are required. Where these have been regularly ordered the sale is usually effected. In cases where the photographer took the picture at his own risk he gets an order only if the pictures are satisfactory, or, it may perhaps be better said, if they are flattering, for it is a well known fact among photographers, as among others, that a "good picture," or "a picture which does one justice," so called, is really one which puts the lineaments of the individual in a favorable or flattering aspect; whereas a poor and unsatisfactory picture is one which either represents them as they are or less attractive than they think themselves.

The usual basis of division between the boss photographer at his studio and the itinerant photographer is half and half. One secures the customer and the picture, and [illegible] the other completes the picture [illegible] shows it. They divide the proceeds equally. Photographers—even the humble sidewalk artists who wander about town seeking casual trade—depend very largely for their success upon a streak of vanity which is almost universal. There are few persons, either men or women, who do not like to have their pictures taken, though in the majority of cases few of them would think of going to the trouble or expense of visiting a photographic studio unless they desire to get a picture for some special purpose—usually of presentation. But the suggestion of a sidewalk photographer that a man or woman should have his or her picture taken "just to see how it looks," and with no charge unless it be satisfactory, is almost irresistible, and in very few cases does it fail. There are about 300 travelling photographers in New York, and this is their busy season.—New York Sun.

—The only permanent cure for chronic catarrh is to thoroughly expel the poison from the system by the faithful and persistent use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This wonderful remedy proves successful when all other treatment has failed to relieve the sufferer.

—Blankets, Comforters, Table Linen, Sheeting, Towels, etc., at Weller Bros. *

—One always feels more satisfied in making a selection from a "large assortment," especially when that assortment comprises the "latest goods." Such an assortment can be seen at Weller Bros. *

—Insist upon your grocer giving you OLell & Morris' Jams. *

Cigar Smokers

Try once the

Creme de la Creme 10cts.

..AND..

La Fayette . . . 5cts.

J. M. FORTIER, Maker, Montreal.

TRANSPORTATION.

FOR

Puget Sound Points.

CUT RATES!!

—ONLY—

$1.00 to Seattle

50 Cents

To Port Townsend

—ON THE FAST—

Steamer "Sehome"

Leaving here daily, except Sunday, at 9 a.m.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SS. "ASLOUN," due Victoria about Nov. 5th, will proceed to Honolulu, H. I., via Portland, and is the only steamer for Honolulu during the month.

SS. "MOUNT LEBANON," capacity about 600 tons, due about 25th Nov., will proceed to Honolulu.

SS. "RHOSINA," 2800 tons dead weight, due at Victoria about 23rd December, for Honolulu via Portland.

PUGET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA SS. CO'Y.

The S.S. TRANSIT, Capt. Berg, will leave Seattle on 10th November for Central American ports.

For particulars apply to F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, Importers of Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise, Board of Trade Building.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

UMATILLA, - - - - - NOV. 9

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

THE BRITISH SHIP

"ILALA"

1373 Tons Register.

Will Sail from Liverpool for Victoria

ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF DECEMBER,

Following the "Glenalvon." Cargo may be engaged and further particulars obtained on application to the undersigned.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd

TRANSPORTATION.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

STEAMER MARY HARE.

Running in connection with the Victoria and Sidney Railway, will sail, weather permitting and business offering, as follows:

MONDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Cowichan, Vesuvius Bay, and way ports; returning connects with evening train for Victoria.

TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor and way ports.

WEDNESDAYS—Leave Ganges Harbor at 6:00 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.

THURSDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.

FRIDAYS — Leave Nanaimo at 7:00 a.m., for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria.

For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, or to Victoria and Sidney Railway Agents. oct10-1m

T. W. PATERSON, Manager.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.				TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				1147
8 30 pm	Lv	Mt.	*Victoria	110 Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	28	Pt. Townsend	72 Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	120	Seattle	38 Lv	10 15 am
4 40 am	Ar	116	*Tacoma	102 Lv	9 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5.40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9.00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5.30 p.m. same days.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom St., San Francisco, FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, Nov. 9th, 1895, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Nov. 14, at 2 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern Mails.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight appy to 327 Market street.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
S. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

Canadian Pacific Railway Coy's

ROYAL MAIL

STEAMSHIP LINE

...TO...

CHINA AND JAPAN.

EMPRESS OF INDIA,
6000 tons, 10,000 horse power.

EMPRESS OF CHINA,
6000 tons, 10,000 horse power.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN,
6000 tons, 10,000 horse power.
..SPEED 19 KNOTS..

R. M. S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama, November 11th.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 25.

To Take Effect at 8:00 a. m. on Monday, October 28th, 1895.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily A. M.	Sat'dy P. M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	8.00	3.20
Ar. Nanaimo	11.40	6.35
Ar. Wellington	12.00	6.55

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily A. M.	Sat'dy P. M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8.20	3.30
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8.40	3.45
Ar. Victoria	12.20	7.00

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ...Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. apl25

GOING TO CHICAGO OR ANYWHERE EAST?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul or Duluth reads via

"THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE"

(C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.)

Three (3) First Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.

Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m.; Chicago, 9:55 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:00 p.m.; St. Paul 7:45 p.m.

Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8:00 a.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 p.m.

Daily. Famous North-Western Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 10 section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:20 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder Free descriptive of Splendid Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address

T. W. TEASDALE, General passenger agent, St. Paul.
W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 248 Washington St., Portland, Ore.
F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent, 601 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

—TO—

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago, New York, Boston, And all U. S. Points,

Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Quebec, And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Elegant Dining Palace Sleeping and Cosy Tourist Cars. A delightful ride, free from heat and dust in seasons.

For tickets, etc., see

R. MARTIN, Gen. Agent, 75 Government Street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SLOCAN.
(Rossland Miner.)

On every hand only encouraging signs are to be seen here and it is not too much to say that the output for the coming winter will double that of last. The advent of two railroads with one objective point has stimulated the exertions of the small owners, and everyone who has a few tons of ore in sight is preparing to ship.

Steve Bailey, at the Payne, has sacked and on the dump as much ore as was shipped during the whole of last winter. Two hundred tons take up every available inch of store room and still it is being turned out at the rate of two or three tons a day. People who should know, claim that he can ship at least 500 tons this winter without hurting the mine, and if this is so, a nice profit should accrue considering that the ore gives smelter returns of nearly 200 ounces of silver and 65 to 70 per cent. of lead.

The Washington wagon road is completed and the tramway is now rapidly been pushed to completion. The concentrator will be in operation before the first of the year and its work will add not a little to the tonnage of the camp.

The Slocan Boy, a crown granted claim lying immediately west of the Washington, has been leased to a Mr. Gibson and four or five men are now at work. The shaft is down 113 feet and the north drift shows 18 inches of mineral with six or seven inches of clean galena.

Two men are driving a tunnel on the Sapphire. The lead was exposed this summer on the McGuigan lake slope and it is almost certain that this property will also be among the shippers in a small way.

Eight men are working at the R. E. Lee and the bucket tramway is in operation. The output will scarcely fall short of 100 tons.

The Last Chance has over 100 tons on the dump and the main showing has not been touched. No stoping has been done, and ore will for this winter only be taken out as development demands.

The American Boy is making a shipment of 80 tons via the K. & S. railway.

The Ruth has 60 or 70 tons out and the stopes present a fine appearance.

The Carnation, owned by Dan and Hugh Mann, is preparing to ship a carload.

J. A. Finch has bonded the Kirkwood group at the lower end of the lake for $25,000.

ROSSLAND.
(Rossland Miner.)

George B. Dennis, president of the Northwestern Miners' Association, has appointed O'Brien Reddin, of Rossland, vice-president with jurisdiction in the Trail creek district.

Strack & McDonald are placing poles along Columbia avenue for electric lighting. They have bought the Kettle Falls plant and propose to put it in operation here. Two other companies have been figuring on the lighting proposition.

A sale of some importance during the week was that of the Surprise lying on Red Mountain between the St. Elmo Consolidated and the War Eagle, by Ross Thompson, Thomas L. Savage and William Austin to Peter Porter. It was a cash transaction and was closed on Thursday.

Mr. Noyes has thrown up the contract on the Le Roi deep shaft, too much water and difficulty in timbering being the causes. The company will probably have to fall back on their own efforts in continuing this shaft. The time will no doubt come when the Le Roi will have to run a new shaft or drive a long tunnel.

A winze is being sunk from the first level of the War Eagle and this will be intersected by the tunnel being run in on the second level. It is now down 35 feet and is in solid ore of high grade. Rapid progress is now being made with No. 2 tunnel since the new drill plant has been installed. A drill has also been put to work in the west end of No. 1 tunnel and is now doing effective work in opening up new ore bodies. The men are getting well started in the 1800 foot tunnel to run in from the Iron Mask. The display of rich ore right at the surface is one of the finest ever seen in this or any other camp. Some of the ore runs over 30 per cent. in copper. Its high copper percentage may be seen at a glance, and it is even richer in gold.

The O. K. is now a very interesting mine. The effect of Mr. Warner's good judgment and of Supt. Newman's great experience is plainly apparent in the improved condition of the mine. A rich body of ore has been found at a depth of 320 feet from the surface and an equal distance from the mouth of No. 2 tunnel, and the stopes are all well supplied, so there is an abundance of material for the mill this winter. The new tunnel, 100 feet below No. 2, is now in 150 feet, and is about cutting the vein.

The War Eagle Company has finally been relieved from paying the salary of the customs officer of the Dominion government at Rossland. This salary, amounting to $90 per month, has been paid regularly up to the present by the War Eagle company ever since the office was established. It was absolutely necessary that a custom house should be established here owing to the great quantity of merchandise and other freight coming in over the Northport road, but the government would not take the step unless somebody would pay the salary of the officer in charge. At this juncture the War Eagle company came forward and offered to pay it. Nothing could better illustrate the conservative methods of civil government generally than this incident.

A party of Canadian Pacific railroad officials arrived early in the week. Among them were H. Abbott, general superintendent of the Pacific division; Mr. Cambie, chief engineer, and R. Marpole, superintendent of the Mountain division. The purpose of their visit was to look over the Rossland terminals of the line to be built in here next spring. Later in the week George McL. Brown, district passenger agent at Vancouver, and H. S. McDonnell, travelling freight agent, came in but remained but one day. It is certain the C. P. R. will build into Rossland next spring, but so far no contract has been made for depot site.

A very interesting prospect is the Highland, in which M. S. Thompson of of whose development he has charge. It is situated about five miles north of Rossland, a little beyond Rock creek, which is a stream between Murphy creek and Stony creek. The showing made with very little surface work is really astonishing. No greater showing can be seen in this camp. It deserves to take rank in this respect with the surface exposures on the Homestake and Crown Point. The ledge is at least sixteen feet wide and it is in ore all the way from side to side. The quality seems to be uniform. There is an unmistakable copper cast about it, and as a matter of fact it runs well in copper. The surface assays average about $15 in gold and copper together. The work of sinking a hundred foot shaft has just commenced. It is not to be a shipping mine, but whatever ore is found there is to be treated on the spot. The mine will have its own matting plant, and this will make a very busy centre on the Highland.

During the past three weeks Mr. John Henry Clemes, the eminent London expert, has made a very careful study of the Trail creek mines. He has seen no less than forty opened mines and prospects, and has gone about his work in the most careful and painstaking manner. He concluded his work on Thursday and left yesterday for Vancouver. Before his departure the editor of this paper submitted to him three questions bearing on the future development of this camp and asked him to write his own replies. This he had the kindness to do, and the questions with answers attached are herewith given: Question No. 1—Are the economic conditions favorable for the mining and development of Trail creek ores? Answer—In view of the accessibility of the camp, of the good class of labor obtainable, of the abundance of water and timber, I consider the economic conditions highly favorable. Question No. 2—Do you think reduction works for the treatment of ores will be established at or near the mines? Answer—Yes, I think eventually a considerable proportion of the ores will be treated at or in the immediate vicinity of the mines. Question No. 3—Are you favorably impressed with the good features of the camp. Answer—Yes.

The preliminary steps have been taken for the establishment of a two hundred ton matting plant in the immediate vicinity of Rossland for the reduction of Trail creek ores. This comes as the result of the visit some time ago of Mr. Larsen of Colorado. Mr. Larsen spent a week in an investigation of the ores of this camp. He became thoroughly convinced that they are subject to concentration by the process now in use in the Bimetallic smelter at Leadville. This is a modification of the pyritic method, and has been very successful at Leadville. Mr. Larsen came to the conclusion that he could throw from six to ten tons of the ore into one of copper matte at a cost not to exceed $4 per ton. He went from Rossland to Spokane, where he laid his plans before several substantial mine owners who have Trail creek interests, and he met with reasonable encouragement. It has been determined to form a company with a capital of $250,000 and to erect a plant with a capacity of two hundred tons of ore per day. Enough pledges have been received to insure the success of the undertaking so far as the necessary capital is concerned. The site for the works has not yet been selected, but it will probably be not far from the Centre Star gulch.

—BEAVER tobacco, the old reliable gentleman's chew, can now be had in thin plugs. Refuse cheap imitations.

REDUCED

SUNLIGHT 6c TWIN BAR SOAP.

PURE & SURE

"77"

FOR

COLDS

CHILLED TO THE HEART.

Pneumonia (Inflammation of the lungs) is caused by prolonged exposure to cold and fatigue.

Outdoors—Becoming numb from a long cold drive—remaining in wet clothes, or lying on damp ground after football or tennis.

Indoors—Sewing all day in a cold room—sitting in an office, church or public hall, that is not heated, sends a chill to the heart, paralyses the deep circulation, and Pneumonia or Grippe result.

In spite of these dangers, if you carry a bottle of "77" in your pocket, an occasional dose will prevent you taking cold.

"77" cures Colds, Grippe, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and Soreness in the Head and Chest, Cough, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

"77" will "break up" a stubborn cold that "hangs on."

Dr. Humphreys puts up a specific for every disease. They are described in his Manual, which is sent free.

Small bottles of pleasant pellets—fit in your vest pocket; sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price, 25c.; of five for $1.00. Humphreys' Medicine Co., 111 & 112 William street, New York. Be sure to get

H-U-M-P-H-R-E-Y-S'

To the Farmers.

—GO— —TO— NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET,
AND BUY AN

Emperor Potato Digger.

A Drink that Cheers and Strengthens

There is Real Enjoyment as well as Solid Benefit.

In a Cup of Johnston's Fuid Beef.

SIMILKAMEEN GOLD FIELDS.

Operations Now in Progress and Prospects for Next Season.

Mr. F. J. Coulthard, who returned from Similkameen on Friday, reports great activity in mining matters in that district. The object of his visit was to enquire into the prospects of the various mines working, and to examine several claims in which he is personally interested, particularly the Allison Ranch claim, which is to be developed next spring. Mr. Coulthard found the Anglo-American mine in splendid shape for work. This claim has a head of 360 feet of water, and hydraulicing is in full swing opening up the face of the claim. This company may have a clean-up this fall, but it will depend upon the season. The seven-inch monitors are being worked, and a great quantity of dirt is being washed daily.

Adjoining the Anglo-American is the "John Bull" claim, which is also hydraulicing, and the indications are very promising, although they have not had a clean-up. The Anglo-Canadian, close at hand, is also a promising venture, the prospects having been sufficiently encouraging to warrant the expenditure of a large sum in developing it.

The Allison Ranch claim, in which Mr. Coulthard is interested, is situated at the junction of the Similkameen and Tulameen rivers, and covers 640 acres of gold bearing benches. The owners of this claim have spent athousand dollars prospecting it from one end to the other, sinking numerous shafts. Gold was found everywhere, and the returns were highly satisfactory to the promoters, who now intend developing the claim at a cost of $25,00 or $30,000. Along with this claim are the best water rights and dump in that portion of the country, advantages which are necessary to successful hydraulic mining.

Chinamen are sluicing all along the river, and making good pay. White men are not numerous in the placer workings. Stevenson's claim, on Granite Creek, will begin work early in the spring.

On the trip home no snow was encountered in the mountains. The days were very bright and nights frosty, and every prospect of a long Indian summer.—Columbian.

RAIDED THE POSTOFFICE.

An Incident in the Career of Lord Wolseley in India.

To illustrate some of the disagreeable things which the soldiers suffered in the Soudan, Mr. Nourse tells the following anecdote of the postal service, which also well shows how democratic was Lord Wolseley, the commandant. Nourse went into the postoffice at Korti to look for some letters. The postmaster was a native and not very much at handwriting, and said that there was nothing for him after a superficial glance at a big pile of papers and letters. Nourse asked to see the pile of papers, and while he was looking over them a man with nothing to designate his rank came into the office in company with another. He took in the situation at a glance, and said: "Let's clean this thing out." Whereupon they jumped upon the counter and bundled the postmaster out neck and heels. Then they began the examination of the office and found it congested with mail for the army. They searched every nook and cranny, and threw the letters for one regiment into one corner, those for another in another, with all the newspapers in the centre of the floor. Then they went through each pile and separated them into companies, and before night every letter was in camp and distributed and the next day the papers were out. Nourse at the time did not know who his companion in the good deed was. He asked him his name and his answer was: "They call me Charley." Some time afterwards Nourse was going to see the commandant, and sitting near his tent saw his companion of the postoffice. "Hello, Charley," he said, "I'm looking for the commandant; where'll I find him?" "Well," said Charley," you won't have to look very far. I'm the commandant. Come inside and have a bit to eat and drink." It was Lord Wolseley, and a man worthy of the title.—Springfield Republican.

—A cough which persists day after day should not be neglected any longer. It means something more than a mere local irritation, and the sooner it is relieved the better. Take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It is prompt to act and sure to cure.

—China tea sets at Cheapside. *

A Splendid Line of

Quadruple Silver Plate

Comprising the Very Latest Novelties in Exquisite Designs.

We cannot begin to describe these Goods; they must be seen to be appreciated. They are not old stock, but have only been in the store for a few days.

Read This List

Carefully and then come round to inspect the stock.

PLATED CAKE BASKETS.
PLATED CRUETS.
PLATED TRAYS.
PLATED TEA POTS.
PLATED BISCUIT BOXES.
PLATED PICKLE JARS.
PLATED CREAM & SUGAR SETS.
PLATED CIGAR CASKETS.
PLATED JEWEL CASES.
PLATED TOAST RACKS.
PLATED BUTTER DISHES.
PLATED BREAD PLATTERS.
PLATED BREAKFAST CRUETS.
PLATED WATER JUGS.

These articles with hundreds of others you can see in
....OUR ART DEPARTMENT.....

Weiler Bros.

51 to 55 Fort St.

Cigarette Smokers:

Insist upon getting from your dealer the

Creme de la Creme 10cts.

La Fayette Extremely Mild 5cts.

J. M. FORTIER, Maker, Montreal.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

American News.

Pittsburg, Nov. 6.—Pittsburg to-day not only received the magnificent gift of a million dollar library, music hall and art gallery, from Mr. Andrew Carnegie, but the pleasing announcement was also made that Mr. Carnegie would endow the art gallery with one million dollars and would erect for the greater Pittsburg free libraries at Duquesne, Carnegie and Homestead.

New York, Nov. 6.—News has reached this city that Mr. M. Elliott, who for many years has served the New York Times in positions of great responsibility, died last Sunday on the steamer on which he was returning from Jamaica, and which arrived at Boston this morning. His death was due to consumption.

Boston, Nov. 6.—In a vote covering 150 towns and cities on the question of municipal suffrage for women the returns are: Yeas—18,185; nays—38,885.

NO 251.

A BY-LAW

To Authorize a Certain Expenditure.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. In addition to the amounts mentioned in By-law 244, entitled the "Municipal Revenue By-Law, 1895," it shall be lawful for the Treasurer to pay, from time to time, the amounts which become necessary for the service mentioned in the statement lettered C in the Schedule hereto annexed.

2. It shall be lawful for the Treasurer to pay such sums of money as may be authorized from time to time by resolution of the Council of the Corporation, as are set forth in requisitions which have been properly recommended and approved, and for which warrants have been authorized by the Council to be issued for the services mentioned in the statements lettered D, E, and G, and votes 19, 24, 27, 31, 33, 51, 52, and 56, respectively, hereto annexed. Provided that before making payment the Auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness, and that the Council have authorized the payment, and that the sums paid and authorized are not in each case in the aggregate in excess of the sum named in the above votes and statements.

This By-Law may be cited as the "Municipal Expenditure By-Law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 24th day of October, 1895.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council this 28th day of October, 1895.

(L. S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

III.—CIVIC SALARIES.

No. of Vote	Statement C.		Total.
8	WATER WORKS.		
	Engineer at pump, 6 mos. at $10		$ 60 00
9	PUBLIC WORKS.		
	City Engineer, 2 mos. at $16.25	$32 50	
	Asst. Engineer & Plumbing Inspector, 8 mos. at $31.25	250 00	
			282 50
17	STREET LIGHTING.		
	Superintendent, 1 mo. at $64.37	$64 37	
	Dynamo tender, 6 mos. at $13.29	79 50	
	Extra help	150 00	
			294 37
18	POUND.		
	Dog Catcher, 3 mos. at $30		90 00
			$726 87

IV.—CITY INSTITUTIONS (Maintenance).

No. of Vote.	Statement D.		Total.
19	WATER WORKS.		
	For all purposes		$1,500 00
24	FIRE DEPARTMENT.		
	Fire alarm system	$350 00	
	New exercise wagon	237 50	
			587.50
27	HOME FOR THE AGED AND INFIRM.		
	Sundries		100 00

V.—BUILDINGS AND SURVEYS.

No. of Vote.	Statement E.	Total.
31	City Hall, repairs	$150 00
33	Fire Halls—New hall at Oak lands	200 00
		$350 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

No. of Vote.	Statement G.	Total.
51	Charitable Aid Fund	$500 00
52	Commission on collections	350 00
56	In aid of B. C. Agricultural Association	175 00
		$1,025 00

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1895, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court of British Columbia within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or it will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Nov 1

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C

Victoria, B.C., March 29th, 1895.

Boom Your Business!

How?

Watch Times' advertisements and learn how.

A BY-LAW.

To further amend the "Police Magistrate and Legal Adviser's Appointment By-Law, 1888."

Whereas by the "Police Magistrate and Legal Adviser's Appointment By-Law, 1888," Messrs. Eberts & Taylor were appointed Legal Advisers to the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

And whereas it is expedient to divide the office of the said Legal Advisers into the offices of City Barrister and City Solicitor:

And Whereas William John Taylor, Barrister, has been duly appointed City Barrister to the said Corporation, and Charles Dubois Mason, Barrister, has been duly appointed City Solicitor to the said Corporation:

Therefore, the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. Sections 3 and 4 of the said By-Law are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following words and figures are hereby inserted, that is to say:—

"William John Taylor, of Victoria, Barrister, is hereby appointed City Barrister to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and Charles Dubois Mason is hereby appointed City Solicitor to the said Corporation."

2. The said William John Taylor shall act on all occasions and at all times, during the continuance of this By-Law, as counsel for the said Corporation in the prosecution of all actions commenced by the said Corporation, and in defending all actions brought against the said Corporation, and shall settle on behalf of the said Corporation all pleadings in all and every such actions, and shall advise the said Corporation upon all matters in which the advice of counsel may at any time be required.

3. There shall be paid to the said William John Taylor as such City Barrister a monthly sum at the rate of $1,000 per annum, to include with the further allowance hereinafter made, his remuneration for all services performed by him on behalf of the said Corporation.

4. The said Charles Dubois Mason shall act on all occasions and at all times, during the continuance of this By-Law, as Solicitor for the said Corporation, and shall commence and diligently prosecute all actions that may necessarily be commenced and prosecuted by the said Corporation, and shall diligently defend on behalf of the said Corporation all actions that may be brought against the said Corporation, and shall attend all regular meetings of the Council of the said Corporation and other meeting of the said Council whenever required to do so by the Mayor, and generally shall act and advise in all matters and things concerning the said Corporation as Solicitor for the said Corporation.

5. There shall be paid to the said Charles Dubois Mason as such City Solicitor the monthly sum of $125 as remuneration, with the further allowance hereinafter made, for all services performed by him on behalf of the said Corporation, in addition to all payments out of pocket actually and necessarily made by him made for law stamps, Court fees, and Court Stenographer's fees, and travelling and other expenses.

6. The said Charles Dubois Mason, as such Solicitor, shal also have authority to recover and collect, on behalf of the said Corporation, all lawful costs in all actions and proceedings in which the said Corporation shall be interested, and to retain the same as part of his remuneration, in addition to the said monthly sum, and shall thereout pay to the said William John Taylor all fees allowed as part of any such costs in respect of any attendance or services rendered by the said William John Taylor as such City Barrister, and such fees shall be retained by the said William John Taylor as part of his remuneration, in addition to the said monthly sum at the rate of $1,000 per annum.

7. This by-law may be cited as the "Police Magistrate and Legal Adviser's Appointment By-law, 1888, Amendment By-law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council this 24th day of October, 1895.

Returned to the Council by the Mayor in an amended form the 24th day of October, 1895.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 28th day of October, 1895.

(L.S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 28th day of October, A.D. 1895, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court of British Columbia within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Nov1

MUNICIPAL ELECTION, 1896.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

All persons wishing to qualify under the above qualifications, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1896, in accordance with Clause E of Section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the Assessor's Office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November, instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C.
November 1st, 1895. nov1-1m

NOTICE

Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

City Hall, Oct. 25th, 1895. 5

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

nov5

NOTICE

Government street between Fort and Yates streets is closed for repairs.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

City Hall, Oct. 30.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

LOOKS LIKE MURDER

Mattie Crowe's Death Was Caused by Strangulation, Says Doctor Lang.

Officer Carson of the Opinion That Two Persons Had Occupied the Room.

Was Mattie Crowe and Cape Mudge Sally Killed by the Same Person?

In the opinion of Dr. John Lang, who this morning held a post mortem examination, the death of Margaret J. Smith, alias Mattie Crowe, was caused by strangulation. As to whether she tied the knot in the necktie, which caused her death, he could not say.

This evidence and other facts brought out at the inquest this afternoon make it look very much as though the unfortunate woman had been murdered. There are those who believe that both Mattie Crowe and Cape Mudge Sally, whose body was found on the reserve some time ago, were killed by the same person. The cases are similar in many respects.

The post mortem examination on Mattie Crowe was not held until this morning. This handicapped the police to a certain extent, they having lost all day yesterday and part of to-day in waiting for the opinion of the doctor. They, however, obtained considerable evidence at the house, which made the case look like one of murder for robbery at first. Constable Carson, who was the first to visit the house, said the bed looked as though it had been occupied by two, and behind the door was an open hand satchel.

Dr. John Lang deposed that he had examined the body of the deceased. There was some dry blood around the mouth and nose. There was a bruised patch on the upper part of the left eye, a small bruise above the right cheek bone, a small scratch on the left cheek, a small bruise on the left side of the nose, a dark discoloration of the lids of the left eye and a small bruise on the left side of the brow. The mouth was open and the tongue protruded between the teeth towards the right side. There were hemorrhages under both eyes. The face was somewhat dusky in appearance, and the dry blood on the face had evidently escaped from the nose. There was a necktie firmly tied around the neck. On removing the necktie a deep depression was found encircling the neck, almost completely. The necktie was knotted to the left side of the middle of the neck. There were small discolorations of the skin on the anterior part of the neck and also on the left side beneath the knot. He examined the heart. There were one or two very small pin-head hemorrhages on the surface of the main artery. The heart contained a small quantity of fluid on both sides. There was a quantity of dark red fluid blood in the large vein. The valves of the heart were all normal. Several small pin-head hemorrhages were on the surface of the lungs. They were highly congested. There were no fractures of the windpipe. The was a hemorrhage amongst the muscles of the front of the neck and also behind the windpipe, and one amongst the muscles of the tongue. There were small hemorrhages beneath the skin over the right side of the brow. In his opinion the deceased died from strangulation. He could not say whether the deceased tied the knot herself.

To Chief Sheppard—Persons have half strangled themselves by tying something around their necks. The bruises were recent. The one on the thigh might have been caused by a kick. It could not have come by falling on the floor. The bruises on one side might have been caused by falling on the floor, but this could not have caused bruises on both sides. Everything pointed to strangulation.

To a Juror.—The hemorrhages on the heart were usual when death was caused by strangulation.

Constable Carson in his evidence stated that the bed looked as though it had recently been occupied by two people, and the drawers of the bureau were partly drawn out and ransacked. One of the woman's stockings found on the floor was turned inside out. Behind the door was a small hand satchel open. Edward Rohrig was present when he visited the house. He (witness) warned him that anything he said might be used in evidence against him. Rohrig said he was quite drunk when he went home, and as he was going through the hall he noticed a light in the front part of the house. This not being unusual he went to bed and did not wake up until about 8 next morning, when he saw the light still burning. After putting the light out he found the body. The tie produced, and which was found tightly tied about the neck, was such a tie as would have been worn with the cotton waist in which the deceased had been clothed.

May Williams, a friend of the deceased, residing on Herald street, related the substance of a conversation which took place during a call paid by Mattie Crowe to her on Monday evening. Mattie had then complained of being in bad health and had asked for the return of 25 cents witness had previously borrowed, explaining that she had just paid her rent and was "dead broke." When Mattie went home she took with her two bottles of beer. Rohrig had lived with Mattie Crowe during the past three years, and though witness had never seen any serious quarrels between them, Mattie had told her that he was rough with her when drunk. To a juryman witness said that she could not remember that the deceased had the tie on the last night seen alive.

Edward Rohrig afterwards told his story in the witness box and was followed by William Stedman, alias Boscowitz Billy, who furnished the material evidence of having seen the deceased standing at her door as late as midnight on Monday. She was then alone and soliciting. From this evidence, only secured a few hours before the inquest, it is evident the crime was committed in the early hours of Tuesday morning. The case was still in progress at 4 o'clock.

Brief Locals.

—There was a large attendance at the concert and dance given by Court Robin Hood, A. O. F., at Semple's Hall last evening. An interesting programme was rendered and refreshments served during the evening.

—The work of grading Belleville street along the James Bay flats is proceeding satisfactorily and will soon leave the thoroughfare ready for traffic. A substantially constructed sidewalk has been laid down, properly railed in, which will be a great convenience this winter to pedestrians making use of this street.

—Hope lodge No. 1, Degree of Honour, A. O. U. W., will have their Bon Bon dance on Nov. 12th. As their socials are very popular and this is the first Bon Bon dance of the season, there will no doubt be a large atteenandecmfwyp no doubt be a large attendance. Tickets; gents 50c., ladies 25c.

—Capt. F. D. Walker, late of the schooner Norma, through his solicitor, Mr. Frank Higgins, of this city, has petitioned the British government for redress and pecuniary compensation for damages sustained in consequence of the petitioner having been detained as a revolutionary suspect at Honolulu by the Hawaiian government. The captain established his innocence, but was seriously damaged in character and business by the false accusation. Compensation to the amount of $5000 is asked.

THE MARRIAGE FEE.

A Rather Uncertain Quantity in the Experience of Many Ministers.

The question as to how much to pay the preacher who pronounces the marriage ceremony is one that has more or less disturbed nearly every man whose sensibilties are not blunted and who has tremblingly held a trembling hand before the altar and promised to love and cherish. It is one which is now probably preying on the mind of the ninth Duke of Marlborough. The unfortunate preacher who is to say the word next month is scarcely human if he is not looking for a check that will have the dimensions of a handsome fortune. The marriage fee and the marriage dower will be expected to sustain something like harmony. If they do, the magnificent John Churchill estate will have to be mortgaged, or else the bride will have to pay the fee by proxy.

In striking contrast with what the preacher in the case probably expects is what an expectant Presbyterian preacher in Norristown, Pa., received a few days ago. This particular preacher performed the marriage ceremony for a couple who, to save the expense of a big wedding, had called at the parsonage, and at its conclusion received from the smiling groom a sealed envelope. After the new Mr. and Mrs. had left the house the preacher broke the seal, when, lo, a single card dropped out on which was written the vulgar abbreviation "Thanks." Think of a new wife worth no more to the new husband than "Thanks!"

There are few country preachers who cannot tell stories equally harrowing of how their fond hopes have been dashed by the niggardly fee which some tight-fisted benedict has doled out to them after the marriage ceremony. Many a faithful country preacher has taken long cold and tedious rides though the mud or snow to pronounce some man a husband and receive 50 cents or a dollar or a bag of oats for his pains.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

QUEER FACTS ABOUT SPIDERS.

Some Are Decorators and Others Are Fond of Music.

My attention was called by a clerk in a drug store to a web which had been superbly decorated with flakes and scales of logwood. I thought at first that this beautiful passementerie effect had been produced accidentally, but after watching for a few minutes I saw the spider descend into the box of logwood, affix a thread of silk to a flake of the dye, hoist it to the web above, and securely fasten it to one of the transverse strands. The glittering scales moved at the slightest jar or when they were struck by a current of air, and were dazzling to the eye. The little decorative artist had indeed constructed a truly palatial residence.

Some spiders, unquestionably, are affected by music to a marked degree.

On one occasion I noticed a spider which had swung down from the ceiling of a church and hung suspended just above the organist's hands. The organist informed me that he had repeatedly noticed that spiders were affected by music. Several days afterwards, while seated at the organ, I observed the same spider. Several times I drove her away and enticed her back, by playing alternately soft andante and loud bravura selections. Prof. C. Reclain, during a concert at Leipsic, saw a spider descend from one of the chandeliers while a violin solo was being played; but as soon as the orchestra began to sound it quickly ran back again.—Boston Herald.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE RING.

New York, Nov. 6.—Three of the Hot Springs fighting contingent—Joseph Vendig, manager of the ill-fated Florida Athletic Club; James Kennedy, manager of the Empire Athletic Club, and "Charley" White, one of the Fitzsimons trainers—arrived in New York to-day. All of them were greatly disgusted with their experiences, and Vendig laid the blame for the fiasco upon Julian, who, he said, had mismanaged Fitzsimmons' affairs from the beginning. He asserted his belief that Fitzsimons was not afraid to meet Corbett, and that the fight would have taken place but for Julian's poor work.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Parson Davies and the party he took to Hot Springs returned from the seat of war of words last night. John L. Sullivan was in the party. "I'm that sick and sore of this fighting burlesque that I'm compelled to stay over and rest it out," said big John. "It ain't so very long ago that I used to be in this fighting business myself, and, say, I would always find a way to fight any fellow that wanted to fight. I ain't saying which one of those fighters did not want to fight, but it's a sure thing that one of them was scared. You can pick him out if you like, I won't tell you who he is." The ex-champion goes east to-day.

Peter Maher was more thoroughly out of sorts at the fight fiasco than any one who has been to Hot Springs. "I have been pulled about from Europe to Dallas and then to Hot Springs, all to no purpose," said he. The Irish fighter left for Pittsburgh, where, he says he will look over the field with his backer and then take a fresh start. Every one who came in from the selected battle ground tells the same story of two men fighting a war of words, when they should have been battling somewhere for the championship.

AQUATICS.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 5.—There was an imense crowd in attendance upon to-day's races and they saw fine sport. The first race was a half mile dash for a purse of $100. Teemer, Jake Gaudaur and Rogers came in in the order named. The other starters were Barry, Haines, Wingate, Peterson, Hanlan and Rogers. Teemer won by half a length. Time 3:02½.

The third race, trial heat between the English doubles for position in the final three miles against Teemer and Rogers, American crew, was won by Bubear and Barry by half a length. Time, 19:34¼. This was a very close race and Haines and Wingate led clear to the last quarter, when Bubear and Barry's spurt forged them ahead. Bubear and Barry will now have to row Teemer and Rogers to-morrow for a purse and the championship, and as their time to-day was 19:34¼ against Teemer and Rogers' corrected time yesterday of 18:02½, the sports are choosing the Americans as winners and giving odds.

The fourth race was a mile and a half straight away between Rose Mosenthein, of St. Louis, and Tillie Ashley, of Hartford, Conn. Miss Mosenthein won by half a length in 12:17½.

THE WHEEL.

HAMILTON TO TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—Corney Meehan, of Toronto, to-day rode from the Herald office in Hamilton to the Mail office in this city in two hours and 58 minutes, lowering the best previous time for the course by 20 minutes. The distance is 41 miles, and the road hilly and very sandy in places.

THE TURF.

Danville, Va., Nov. 6.—In the great race at Reedville, N.C., between John R. Gentry and Joe Patchen yesterday, Gentry won in three straight heats. Time, 2:10, 2:09, and 2:09. Immense crowds saw the race.

FOOTBALL.

SATURDAY MATCHES.

Two important matches are to be played on Saturday. The Cowichan team plays against the navy on the canteen grounds and the Colonists play England on the Caledonian grounds.

Canadian News.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—The twelfth juryman was selected in the Hyams murder case before the court adjourned at six o'clock last night. The case for the crown was opened this morning.

—The following are the head pupils for October in the South Park school, in their respective divisions: First division, Catherine Charlotte Finlaison; second division, Joseph Phillips; third division, Violet Winnifred Emery; fourth division, Emily Macdonald Irwin; fifth division, Ellen Mead Jackson; sixth division, Victor Charles Ireland; seventh division, Edna Maithy Rickaby; eighth division, Charles Banner; ninth division, Catherine Miller.

—Whiskers that are prematurely gray or faded should be colored to prevent the look of age, and Buckingham's Dye excels all others in coloring brown or black.

In the central part of Texas is located the town of Belton, where there is a curious religious colony of women known as the "Sanctified Sisters." The chief requisites to membership in the community are a life of celibacy, a common property and an isolated existence. The original leader of this curious band is Mrs. Martha McWhirter, a woman of indomitable will. When she conceived the idea of this colony she was happy with her husband and twelve children, against whose united protest she persisted in founding the society. This was nineteen years ago, since which time the society has steadily grown in numbers and wealth, chiefly through the efforts of Mrs. McWhirter, whose executive and business ability are indicated by the fact that at present she is a member of the board of trade and a director of the opera house syndicate of Belton. The membership, which is now thirty-two, includes several women who formerly occupied excellent positions in the social world.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

PERSONAL.

George E. Raymond, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

C. H. Dickie, of Duncan's, is at the Oriental.

R. R. Ellis, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Captain Robertson, of Moresby Island, is in the city.

J. P. Booth, M.P.P., of Salt Spring Island, is in the city.

Ernest V. Bodwell returned from Vancouver last evening.

Wm. Brown, general freight agent for the C. P. R., came down by the charmer last evening.

Robert W. Clark, of Vancouver, and Geo. Bartlett, McPherson's, are registered at the New England.

A. W. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, leaves this evening on a four weeks' trip to Kootenay.

A. McQueen, of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, was a passenger on last evening's Charmer.

Capt. G. Roberts, of the Alaska steamer Willipa, come over from the Sound on last evening's Kingston.

F. S Hussey, superintendent of provincial police, left this morning to attend the fall assizes at New Westminster.

R. Collister, inspector of hulls, and J. A. Thompson, inspector of steamboats, returned from the Mainland last evening.

Purser Thorndyke, of the steamer City of Kingston, has been suffering from a severe cold and neuralgia, but is recovering rapidly.

Capt. D. Erskine, A. D. C to the Governor-General, arrived from the Mainland last evening. The Vice-Regal party will be here to-night.

J. D. Bryant and wife, of Saanich, returned last evening from a trip to Europe. They spent some time at Mr. Bryant's old home in England, from which he has been away forty years.

Aulay Morrison and E. A. Jenns, New Westminster barristers, came down on last evening Mainland boat. They are here for the purpose of interviewing the attorney-general on departmental matters.

DIED.

JOHNSTON—At his residence, 28 Simcoe street on the 4th inst., James Johnston, a native of the Orkney Islands, aged 63 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, November 7th, at 2:30 p.m. from the family residence as above. Friends will please accept this intimation.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the sound—W H Hickey, Mrs M McClellan and son, Mis Robins, Mrs Robert, M B Benton, W S Sargent, Mrs J Greig, F O'Neil, W S Shield, Capt G Roberts, J H Peterson.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J A Nichols, R Foster, J Beveridge, C H son, John Boyd, W Brown, J D Bryant, Mrs Bryant, E V Bodwell, R Collister, J A Thompson Miss Dawson, A Morison, J A Cates, J C Rowley, T T Findley, A McQueen, E A Jenns, D Erskine, A Carter, Mrs Marfoot, S C Kirk, W B Waddock.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J B C Lockwood, Dick Welsh, Wm Dickman, F E Turner.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound.—Bob Ford, Mrs Jones, Jas Calahan, S N Johnson, J P Rudd, J B Libbey, A Ault, Miss Kelcher, G L Foster, W Butler.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J G Hoy, G Bevlockway, Can Paint Co, Wilson Bros, Lenz & Leiser, J Reichenback, W Wilby G C Shaw & Co, D H Ross, Wilson Bros, J Frue, Langley & Co, W Bowmass, J Piercy, R Kenny T N Hibben, C Braund, order P W Ellis, M W Waitt, Percy & T, Watson & G, S Reid, G & Mc, T B Pearson, R B Lowe, E Wall & Co, R Griffin, H Marwood, S M Barre, Martin & R, S Leiser, Weiler Bros, W J Mellor, Ames Holden Co., T G Rayner, Vic Elec Co, A & W Wilson, A Barker, Braden Bros, Clarke & P, D Spencer, T M Yorke, Lord Aberdeen, Johns Bros, J Colbert, R Dunsmuir, Small & P, S H E Co, Speed Bros, T Redding, Vic Chem Wks, W Thompson, Vic Plumbing Co, W Lough, Dom Ex Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J A Ritchie, E J Saunders, Hastie & Bancrman, A McGregor & Son, S Leiser, W Wilby, H J Brady A Stegar, H Martin.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Mrs Jas Graham, Ramsay Bros & Co, Vaughn.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable; small, and easy to take. Don't forget this.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

James E. Nicholson.

CANCER ON THE LIP
CURED BY
AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose. I suffered in agony seven long years. Finally, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a decided improvement. Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore began to heal, and, after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."—JAMES E. NICHOLSON, Fredericville, N. B.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla The Only

Admitted at the World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

10 Facts

Tennyson could take a sheet of paper and write a poem on it and make it worth $5,000—that's genius.

We can take your household grease and convert it into First Class Electric and Laundry Soap—that's science.

Many rich men can sign a cheque and make it worth a million dollars—that's capital.

We can sign a check for a like amount; but no banker would cash it—that's hard.

Some store keepers will sell goods at a loss rather than lose an order—that's rule.

We give you 100 cents for every $—that's business.

Some merchants refuse to stock our goods and sell foreign soaps in preference—that's bigotry.

Many good housewives demand Pendray's and insist upon getting Pendray's—that's good judgment and common sense.

Many good people like and prefer our Soaps so much that they recommend them to others—that's kindness.

We could say a lot more about our home industries, but we won't—that's modesty.

W. J. Pendray,
B. C. Soap Works.

ARE YOU LUCKY?

In order to insure a speedy clearance of our entire stock we have decided upon holding a

GRAND

PRIZE DRAWING

No Guessing!
No Skill!
Just Luck!

For each and every dollars' worth of goods purchased at our store from now up to 12 p.m., December 24th, 1895, a ticket will be given entitling the holder to one chance in the grand drawing.

3 Splendid Prizes.

FIRST PRIZE:—A magnificent Tea-Set of 8 pieces, comprising a Tea Pot, Coffee Pot, Cream, Sugar Bowl and Spoon Holder, made by the Meriden Britannia Co., of the finest quadruple plate. Value, $50.

SECOND PRIZE:—A massive solid Marble Clock, in which is enclosed a very fine French movement. Value, $35.

THIRD PRIZE:—A handsome English Liquor Decanter, in genuine cut glass, encased in a silver stand with handles. Value, $25.

REMEMBER—The purchase of One Dollar's worth of goods entitles the customer to one ticket, which is numbered. The stub is detached by the holder from the ticket and placed in a sealed box which will be opened by a committee selected for the purpose, on Thursday morning, December 26, at 10 o'clock, at which hour the drawing will take place.

DAVIDSON BROS.,
The Jewellers, 59 Government Street.

The balance of our Fall and Winter Stock has just arrived fresh from the manufacturers' hands. Call and inspect these Nobby Goods.

A. Gregg & Son,
Merchant Tailors. 62 Yates St.

I Have Removed

From 101 Douglas street to 44 Broad street, where I shall be pleased to receive all old customers and many new ones. Fall and winter Suits to order, from $15 up; Pants, $3.50. Cleaning, altering and repairing neatly done.

R. J. Matthews,
MERCHANT TAILOR. 44 BROAD STREET.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

WM. GRIMM, - - Carriage Builder,

Begs to announce to his friends and patrons that he has given up his old stand on Johnson street, and removed to Herald street, just below Government street, where he will be glad to see anyone requiring his services. Thanking his patrons for past favors he begs for a continuance of the same, and trusts that others requiring good work at moderate prices will give him a trial. nov4-1m

—Boys' linen collars, 3 for 25c., Gilmore & McCandless.

—Okell & Morris' Jams and Jellies are pure and reliable. Buy them.

SCENE:

Victoria Tram Car.

First Old Gent.—"Shut that door, for I'm rheumatic."

Second Old Gent.—"Open that door, for I'm asthmatic."

Conductor.—"What can be the matter? Oh, I see. They don't wear Dick's Old Country Boots."

Mr. Dick has been making waterproof Boots and Shoes for fifty years, so ought to know something about it. No new fangled idea.

Old Country Boot and Shoe Store,
91 Johnson Street.
Bet. Broad and Douglas.